

2-- DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION BLOCK

Description and Scope of Fields

This block contains those areas covered by the ISBD with the exception of notes and standard numbers. Definitions and further information on the use on the ISBD data elements are found in the ISBD documents. The following fields are defined:

200	TITLE AND STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY
203	CONTENT FORM AND MEDIA TYPE
204	GENERAL MATERIAL DESIGNATION (GMD)[OBSOLETE]
205	EDITION STATEMENT
206	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – MATHEMATICAL DATA
207	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: NUMBERING OF CONTINUING RESOURCES
208	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: MUSIC FORMAT STATEMENT
210	PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.
211	PROJECTED PUBLICATION DATE
214	PRODUCTION, PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURE STATEMENTS
215	PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION
225	SERIES
230	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: ELECTRONIC RESOURCE CHARACTERISTICS
231	DIGITAL FILE CHARACTERISTICS [PROVISIONAL]
251	ORGANIZATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF MATERIALS
283	CARRIER TYPE

Notes on Contents of Block

Unless stated otherwise in a particular field, ISBD punctuation is not entered at subfield boundaries or at the end of a field. This rule also applies to parallel data introduced by subfield \$d in fields 200, 205, 208 and 225. In all other positions the equals sign and space (“= ”) should be entered explicitly whenever it occurs in the description; “= ” then replaces any other ISBD punctuation that would normally be generated at a subfield boundary.

In certain fields in the 2-- block, guidance is given as to the ISBD punctuation which is generated from the subfield identifier. This is intended only as a rough guide and the appropriate ISBD is in all cases the authority.

Data elements in this block should not be generated automatically from data elements in other parts of a source record in instances where the source record lacks these elements. For example, if the source record does not have a data element “statement of responsibility as found on the resource”, the access point fields (equivalent to UNIMARC 7--) should not be used to generate one since there will be no way of ensuring that data in such a generated subfield would add anything to the descriptive area of the record. Similarly a series statement (field 225) should not be generated automatically from a series access point (field 410). Nevertheless, since the 200 \$a subfield is mandatory, a title from the source record must be entered in this subfield whether or not it is in ISBD form.

In cases where the full range of subfields cannot be used (for example, when a record is converted from another format), the accompanying documentation should give details.

205 ##\$a3rd ed., 2nd (corrected) impression [should be 3rd ed.\$b2nd ...]

Related Fields

RECORD LABEL, descriptive cataloguing (character position 18)	If a UNIMARC record does not for whatever reason contain data entered according to the provisions of ISBD, then character position 18 of the RECORD LABEL, descriptive cataloguing form, should contain the code “n” for non-ISBD form, “i” for partial or incomplete form or “x” for ISBD not applicable, depending on the amount of divergence.
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History

2000	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2012	Corrections.
2019	Additions.

200 TITLE AND STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains the title along with any other title information and statements of responsibility relating to the title including any of the preceding repeated in other languages (parallel titles, parallel statements of responsibility, etc.) generally in the form and sequence in which they appear on the resource being catalogued.

It corresponds to the ISBD Title and Statement of Responsibility Area. For collections the field may contain inclusive dates and/or bulk dates, if these are considered to be part of the title.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
200	TITLE AND STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY	NR	M
a	Title Proper	R	M
b	General Material Designation	R	O
c	Title Proper by Another Author	R	O
d	Parallel Title Proper	R	O
e	Other Title Information	R	O
f	First Statement of Responsibility	R	O
g	Subsequent Statement of Responsibility	R	O
h	Number of a Part	R	O
i	Name of a Part	R	O
j	Inclusive Dates	NR	O
k	Bulk Dates	NR	O
r	Title Page Information Following the Title Proper (for Older Monographic Publications)	NR	O
v	Volume Designation	NR	O
z	Language of Parallel Title Proper	R	O
2	Source	NR	O
5	Institution to which the Field Applies	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Title Significance Indicator
	0	Title is not significant
	1	Title is significant
2	#	blank (not defined)

Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Title Significance Indicator

This specifies whether the agency preparing the record considers that the title proper as specified in the first \$a subfield deserves treatment as an access point. This corresponds to making a title added entry or treating the title as main entry under certain cataloguing codes.

Value 0: Title is not significant

This title does not warrant an added entry.

Value 1: Title is significant

An access point is to be made from this title.

For access points for any title other than the first occurring title proper, see section Related Fields below.

Subfields Description

\$a Title Proper

The chief title of the resource, includes alternative title but excludes other title information (e.g. subtitles) and parallel titles. Repeatable for additional titles by the same author ([EX 5](#)). Mandatory for every record.

\$b General Material Designation

Text of general material designation ([EX 3](#), [11](#)). This subfield contains a term indicating the broad class of material to which the resource belongs given in the language and script of the agency preparing the record.

It corresponds to General Material Designation in the ISBDs prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011). According to ISBD Consolidated Edition, GMD element is not used. However it can still be carried in bibliographic records created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition. Repeatable.

\$c Title Proper by Another Author

The chief title of a work by an author other than the one responsible for the first title when they are both contained in the same resource and when there is no collective title. Repeatable for each additional title proper by another author ([EX 12](#)).

\$d Parallel Title Proper

The title proper in another language and/or script relating to a title proper appearing in a \$a or \$c subfield ([EX 4](#), [13](#), [14](#)). Repeatable for each additional parallel title.

\$e Other Title Information

Subtitles and other title information that appear subordinate to the title proper on the resource ([EX 1](#), [2](#), [10](#)). Repeatable for each segment of other title information ([EX 10](#)) and for parallel other title information ([EX 13](#), [14](#)). It does not include variant titles such as spine title, cover title, and other titles found outside the principal source of information. It may be subordinate to a title appearing in subfield \$a, \$c or \$d.

\$f First Statement of Responsibility

The first statement of responsibility for a title appearing in subfield \$a, \$c or \$d, or for a numbered or named part of a resource appearing in subfields \$h or \$i. Repeatable after each subfield \$a, \$c, \$d, \$h or \$i which has an accompanying statement of responsibility ([EX 12](#)) or for each parallel statement of responsibility ([EX 6](#)).

\$g Subsequent Statement of Responsibility

A statement of responsibility after the first statement of responsibility and relating to the same title ([EX 1](#), [4](#), [8](#), [9](#)). It is repeatable for each additional subsequent statement of responsibility ([EX 1](#), [8](#), [9](#)) and for each parallel subsequent statement of responsibility ([EX 14](#)).

\$h Number of a Part

The section or part numbering of a resource used in a title ([EX 3](#), [11](#)). Repeatable for each subsection or lower level division ([EX 11](#)) or for a parallel part number.

\$i Name of a Part

The section or part name for resources which are identified by a common name and a subsection name ([EX 3](#), [11](#)). Repeatable for each subsection or lower level division ([EX 11](#)) or for a parallel part name.

\$j Inclusive Dates

The time period, that relates to the creation, assembly, accumulation, and/or maintenance and use of the resources in the unit being described, when required as part of the title. It may be the span of the earliest and the latest dates of the resources in the collection ([EX 23](#)), single date, if all the resources of the collection were created during the same year ([EX 26](#)), or dates separated with commas, if there is a significant gap in the chronological sequence of the resources of the collection ([EX 24](#)). Estimated date may be given, if necessary. Not repeatable.

\$k Bulk Dates

Dates pertaining to the majority of the resources in the unit being described if they differ significantly from the inclusive dates ([EX 25](#)). Not repeatable.

\$r Title Page Information Following the Title Proper (for Older Monographic Publications)

The remaining information present on the title page or its substitute following the title proper. It includes elements such as subtitles, other title information, statements of responsibility, etc., which do not belong to the main title and which are not needed in short displays of the record nor taken into consideration for sorting the titles. ([EX 18](#), [19](#)). Not repeatable.

\$v Volume Designation

Used to indicate a particular part of the resource that is related to another resource. This subfield is used only when a 200 field is embedded in a 4-- linking field. It further defines the part of the linked resource that bears the relationship designated by the 4-- tag. For example, the resource may be a volume of a series, in which case the series title and the volume designation are entered in an embedded 200 field ([EX 7](#)). Volume designation may be numbers, years, etc. Not repeatable.

\$z Language of Parallel Title Proper

Coded identification of the language of a parallel title that appears in a \$d subfield. If \$d is repeated, this subfield should be repeated, the languages identified reflecting the order of the parallel titles. This subfield and any repetitions should always come at the end of the field, followed by \$2, if \$2 is present ([EX 4](#), [13](#), [14](#), [27](#), [28](#)). For codes use ISO 639-2 or other standard language code schema specified in subfield \$2 (see [Appendix A](#)).

\$2 Source

An identification in coded form for the language code schema from which the code in \$z is derived, when the code is not from ISO 639-2. For a list of the language codes schemas, see [Appendix A](#). Not repeatable.

\$5 Institution to which the Field Applies

Name of the institution to which field applies in the coded form if it is considered necessary by the agency which creates the record to identify specific attributes of an item.

If the subfield is used codes should be entered in accordance with the provisions of International Standard Identifier for Libraries and Related Organizations (ISIL), [ISO 15511](#) or may contain codes from [MARC Code List for Organizations](#), otherwise, the full name of the agency or a national code may be used.

If the institution holds more than one copy the shelfmark of the item should be added after a colon. Not repeatable.

This subfield is used only when a 200 field is embedded in a 4-- linking field. It further defines the part of the linked item that bears the relationship designated by the 4-- tag. It is generally used for older monographic publications (antiquarian) to identify the institution which possesses the item with item specific information. The case may be of the resource bound in an “artificial” collection ([EX 17](#)).

Notes on Field Contents**ISBD Information**

The data in the field should be entered as specified in ISBD for the Title and Statement of Responsibility Area.

Subfield \$b used to contain ISBD element prior to ISBD Consolidated edition. Subfield \$r can contain different ISBD data elements and subfields \$j, \$k, \$z are not ISBD data elements.

The correspondence between this field and the ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specification is illustrated below. The table illustrates the preceding punctuation which occurs in most situations but not necessarily when parallel data is present. Further information is found in the ISBD.

UNIMARC subfield	Element Name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Title proper	1.1	New area
\$a (repeated)	Title proper by the same author	1.1.5.2	;
\$c	Title proper by another author	1.4.5.11.2	.
\$d	Parallel title proper	1.2	=
\$e	Other title information	1.3	:
\$f	First statement of responsibility	1.4	/
\$g	Subsequent statement of responsibility	1.4	;
\$h	Number of a part	1.1.5.3.1	.
\$i	Name of a part	1.1.5.3.1	, if after \$h, else .

When ISBD data is not found in the source record, no attempt should be made to create it from other data elements in a record. For example, if the source record does not have a data element “statement of responsibility as found on the resource”, data from the access point fields of the source record should not be used to create one.

When the resource has a collective title consisting of the title of separate works contained within it, any conjunction in the title is included in the subfield of the title it precedes ([EX 5](#)).

Parallel Data

Parallel data appearing on the resource, i.e. data repeated in other languages or script, is denoted in ISBD by the use of equals sign followed by a space “= “ at the start of any block of parallel data. In this field, the subfield identifier \$d will generate “= “ automatically ([EX 4](#), [13](#), [14](#)\$d). If “= “ is required by ISBD rules at the start of any other subfield, it must be entered explicitly. The equals sign and space then replace any other ISBD punctuation that would normally be generated at that subfield boundary ([EX 6](#) \$f, [EX 14](#) \$g).

A title translated by the cataloguer is recorded in field 541 unless it is the only title supplied by the source record.

Title Access

The data in 200 \$a will usually be that used to create an access point for the record under the title, if the title significance indicator (indicator 1) is set to 1. There is no other field in the UNIMARC format from which an added entry under title proper can be created when the record is used in the production of a catalogue.

General Material Designation

The general material designation (GMD) was used in the ISBDs prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011). ISBD Consolidated Edition does not include GMD. However it can still be carried in bibliographic records created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition.

The general material designation is entered in the language of the agency preparing the record. Lists of general material designations are found in ISBDs. For monographs and continuing resources in the usual print form, the designation “Printed text” may optionally be used. When the resource has a collective title proper and comprises more than one interdependent component belonging to distinct material categories, the field will include a subfield for each general material designation.

When displayed, the general material designation is enclosed in brackets []. These are ISBD prescribed punctuation and are not included in the record.

Related Fields

101 LANGUAGE OF THE RESOURCE	The language of the title proper in the 200 \$a subfield may be indicated in \$g of field 101. However if there is no language entered in 101 \$g, it can be assumed that the language of the title proper is the same as the first language of the text, entered in the first occurrence of \$a in the 101 field. The language of any parallel titles is contained in 200 \$z.
304 NOTES PERTAINING TO TITLE AND STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY	Used for notes on the contents of field 200.
312 NOTES PERTAINING TO RELATED TITLES	Used for notes containing the text of and/or comments on related titles.
423 ISSUED WITH	Used for added entries for titles contained in additional 200 \$a subfields, for 200 \$c subfields and for titles associated with these (EX 12).
5-- RELATED TITLE BLOCK	Used for added entries for parallel titles contained in 200\$d (EX 4) and for variant titles such as spine title.
530 KEY-TITLE	When the source format carries a key title, which may or may not be the same as the title proper, it is entered in field 530.

Examples

EX 1
200 1#\$a≠NSB≠The ≠NSE≠Great Fear of 1789\$erural panic in revolutionary France\$f[by] Georges LeFebvre\$gtranslated from the French by Joan White\$gintrouction by George Rudé
The ISBD entry appears as: The Great Fear of 1789 : rural panic in revolutionary France / [by] Georges LeFebvre ; translated from the French by Joan White ; introduction by George Rudé.
“The “ is marked as having no filing value.
EX 2
200 1#\$aWhat is modern mathematics?\$ea guide to teachers in further education\$fYorkshire and Humberside Council for Further Education
The ISBD entry appears as: What is modern mathematics? : a guide to teachers in further education / Yorkshire and Humberside Council for Further Education.
The question mark “?” of the title proper is retained since it is not ISBD prescribed punctuation.
EX 3
200 0#\$aBulletin signalétique\$bMicroform\$hSection 9\$iSciences de l’ingénieur\$fCentre national de la recherche scientifique
The ISBD entry appears as: Bulletin signalétique. Section 9, Sciences de l’ingénieur [Microform] / Centre national de la recherche scientifique
Subfield \$b bears general material designation “Microform” since the record was created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition.
EX 4
200 1#\$aIndustrial steam locomotives of Germany and Austria\$dDampfloks auf Industriebahnen der BRD, DDR, und Österreich\$fcompiled by Brian Rumary\$gGerman translations by M. Spellenszger
510 1#\$aDampfloks auf Industriebahnen der BRD, DDR, und Österreich\$zger
The resource has a parallel title that is coded as German. An added entry is required for the parallel title, so it is repeated in field 510. Code for German is derived from ISO 639-2, so subfield \$2 is not used.

EX 5
200 1# \$aFlash and filigree\$aand, The Magic Christian\$fby Terry Southern
The resource contains two individual works by the same author, each with its own title but without any collective title.
EX 6
200 1# \$aBibliographica belgica\$fCommission belge de bibliographie\$f= Belgische Commissie voor bibliografie
The resource has a title in Latin with parallel statements of responsibility in French and Dutch. The \$f subfield is repeated and the data is preceded by an equals sign “=” and space.
EX 7
410 #0\$12000# \$aSeries de histórica general\$vv.5\$171001\$aMexico (City). \$bUniversidad Nacional.\$bInstituto de Investigaciones Históricas.
This example illustrates the use of field 200 embedded in a linking entry field. A link is made between the resource being catalogued and the series to which it belongs, using field 410. Embedded within the 410 field are the 710 field containing the name of the corporate body primarily responsible for the series and the 200 field containing the name of the series. The resource being catalogued is v.5 of the series, so v.5 is entered in the 200 \$v field.
Using standard subfields technique:
410 #0\$tSeries de histórica general\$aMexico (City). Universidad Nacional. Instituto de Investigaciones Históricas\$vv.5
EX 8
200 1# \$aThree adventures of Asterix\$iAsterix in Switzerland\$ftext by Goscinny\$gdrawings by Uderzo\$gtranslated by Anthea Bell and Derek Hockridge
The resource is one of three unnumbered volumes, with a common title for the set of three and individual titles for each volume. The first statement of responsibility is entered in \$f and all others in \$g. Note that a statement of responsibility may contain more than one name (second \$g). Alternatively, the volume could have been treated as in EX 9 .
EX 9
200 1# \$aAsterix in Switzerland\$ftext by Goscinny\$gdrawings by Uderzo\$gtranslated by Anthea Bell and Derek Hockridge
461 #1\$12001# \$aThree adventures of Asterix
The same example as EX 8 but treated differently in the source format of the agency preparing the record.
EX 10
200 1# \$aLife wish\$ereincarnation\$ereality or hoax\$fMaurice Rawlings
Example of multiple occurrences of other title information.
EX 11
200 1# \$aBritish standard methods of analysis of fat and fatty oils\$hPart I\$iPhysical methods\$hSection 1.12\$iDetermination of the dilation of fats\$bPrinted text
A standards document with sections and subsections as recorded in a multi-media bibliography. The general material designation is stated since the record was created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition.
EX 12
200 1# \$aPour les valeurs bourgeoises\$fpar Georges Hourdin\$cContre les valeurs bourgeoises\$fpar Gilbert Ganne
423 #0\$12001# \$aContre les valeurs bourgeoises\$1700#1\$aGanne,\$bGilbert
Using standard subfields technique:

200 1# \$aPour les valeurs bourgeoises\$fpar Georges Hourdin\$cContre les valeurs bourgeoises\$fpar Gilbert Ganne
423 #0 \$tContre les valeurs bourgeoises\$aGanne, Gilbert
The ISBD entry appears as: Pour les valeurs bourgeoises / par Georges Hourdin. Contre les valeurs bourgeoises / par Gilbert Ganne
The resource contains two works by different authors without common title. Note that subfield \$f First Statement of Responsibility is repeated after each title. In order to provide for author/title and title added entries for the second named work, the author and title are entered in field 423.
EX 13
200 1# \$aApplications of ecological (biophysical) land classification in Canada\$eproceedings of the second meeting\$dApplications de la classification écologique (biophysique) du territoire au Canada\$ecompte rendu de la deuxième réunion\$fCanada Committee on Ecological (Biophysical) Land Classification, 4-7 April 1978, Victoria, British Columbia\$gcompiled and edited by C.D.A. Rubec\$zfre
The resource contains “blocked” data for title and other title information, but since the statements of responsibility are not parallel, these are outside the block.
EX 14
200 1# \$aPrinting at Gregynog\$aspects of a great private press\$dArgraffu yng Ngregynog\$agweddau ar wasg breifat fawr\$fMichael Hutchins\$gtranslated by David Jenkyns\$g= y cyfieithiad gan David Jenkyns\$zwel
The source format has not blocked the description by language since the first statement of responsibility belongs to each set of language data; therefore the equals sign precedes each new set of elements in the parallel language.
EX 15
200 1# \$a≠NSB≠Le ≠NSE≠western, nouvelle éd.\$cÉvolution et renouveau du western (1962-1968)
The publication is without a collective title and the edition statement for one of the titles thus appears in the title area rather than in an edition area. The source format treated this unusually placed data element like a part of the title proper.
EX 16
200 0# \$aVol. 3
461 #0\$100183.040221.7\$15010#\$aWorks\$1700#1\$a Shakespeare\$bWilliam
The record is for a part without a distinctive title from a source format that constructs separate records for each level in a bibliographic hierarchy. The 461 contains the identifier of the record for a 9 volume set of complete works of Shakespeare without distinctively named individual volumes.
EX 17
481 #1\$1001930112003\$12001#\$aTheoria generalis aequationum omnium graduum novis illustrata formulis ac iuxta principia sublimioris calculi finitorum deducta\$fautore p. Dominico Martinovics \$5CiZaNSB: R IIF-8°-1133privez1\$1210##\$aBudae\$d1780
OR
481 #1\$0001930112003\$tTheoria generalis aequationum omnium graduum novis illustrata formulis ac iuxta principia sublimioris calculi finitorum deducta\$fautore p. Dominico Martinovics\$cBudae \$d1780\$5CiZaNSB: R IIF-8°-1133privez
EX 18
200 1# \$a≠NSB≠La ≠NSE≠vision publique, d’un horrible & tres-espouvantable demon, sur l’église cathedrale de Quimpercoretin en Bretagne\$r. Le premier jour de ce mois de fevrier 1620. Lequel demon consumma une pyramide par feu, & y survint un grand tonnerre & foudre du ciel
EX 19

200 1#\$a≠NSB≠La ≠NSE≠buona figliuola, o sia La cecchina\$r, dramma giocoso per musica da rappresentarsi nel teatro di Bastia, il carnevale dell' anno 1775
EX 20
200 1#\$a≠NSB≠La ≠NSE≠Catalogne françoise\$r. Ou il est traité des droits que le Roy a sur les comtez de Barcelonne, & de Roussillon; & sur les autres terres de la principauté de Catalogne
EX 21
200 1#\$a ≠NSB≠Les ≠NSE≠diversitez galantes\$r. Contenant Les soirées des auberges, nouvelle comique. L'apoticair de qualité, nouvelle galante & veritable. L'avanture de l'hostellerie, ou Les deux rivales. Le mariage de Belfegor, nouvelle facétieuse. L'occasion perduë recouverte, nouvelle comique This older monographic publication is catalogued with exact transcription of title page, which lists part of the works contained in the publication (other works are present in the publication but do not appear on the title page).
EX 22
200 1#\$a≠NSB≠Thomae a Kempis, canonici regularis ord. S. Augustini, ≠NSE≠De Imitatione Christi libri IV\$r. Ex recensione Philippi Chifletii, Balernae abbatis, nec non Ecclesiae metropolitanae Vesontinae canonici et vicarii generalis
EX 23
100 ##\$a20110206l19201960k##y0rusy0102####ca 200 1#\$aВорошилов Климент Ефремович. Партийный и государственный деятель. 1881-1969\$j1920-1960 Archive of records of Kliment Voroshilov (1881-1969), resources of the archive are dated 1920-1960.
EX 24
100 ##\$a20110206l18##1987k##y0rusy0102####ca 200 1#\$aВыпускники Высших Бестужевских курсов\$j1880-e –1983, 1987 Archival collection includes records of graduates of the Higher Bestuzhev Courses. Resources are dated 1880s – 1983 and 1987 (there are no resources for 1984-1986); date of creation of the earliest resource is estimated.
EX 25
100 ##\$a20110206l18771996k##y0rusy0102####ca 200 1#\$aШаховская Зинаида Алексеевна (Малевская-Малевич, Жак-Круазе). Княгиня, писательница, редактор. 1906 - \$j1877-1996\$k1923-1996 Archive of records of Zinaida Shakhovskaya (Russian princess; novelist and poet; pseudonym - Jacques Croise). The archive includes resources for 1877-1996, but the majority of resources pertain to the period 1923-1996.
EX 26
100 ##\$a20110206j19370707k##y0rusy0102####ca 200 1#\$aАвтобиография А.А.Адамова с приложением фотографии\$j7 июля 1937 File from the archive of records of Russian emigrants contains autobiography of A.Adamov dated July, 7, 1937.
EX 27
200 1#\$aGhid de conversație român-găgăuz\$dRomınca-gagauzca lafetmăk kiyadı\$fDr. Todur Angheli\$zgag\$2iso639-3 Romanian-Gagauz phrasebook. The resource has a parallel title in Gagauz language. The code for Gagauz is derived from ISO 639-3, thereof the source of code is indicated in subfield \$2.
EX 28

200 1# \$a Мифы, сказки, предания манси (вогулов) \$d Маньси махум ялпын мойтыт, нас мойтыт, йис потрыт \$e в записях 1889, 1952, 1958 - 1960, 1968, 1978, 1992, 2002 гг. \$f [подгот. текстов, пер., вступ. ст., коммент., указ., слов., сост. компакт-диска Е.И. Ромбандеевой] \$z vog \$2 knia
Collection of Mansi myths, folktales and legends. Parallel title is in Mansi language. The code for Mansi is derived from GOST 7.75-97 indicated in subfield \$2.

History

1996	New paragraphs/subfield/examples.
2000	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2008	Field may be linked to indicate to which specific copy a specific instance of a field relates.
2012	Corrections and additions. 200\$j, 200\$k (new s/f) for inclusive and bulk dates.
2018	Added text, new subfield \$2 and new examples.
2024	Text edit of \$h.

203 CONTENT FORM AND MEDIA TYPE

Field Definition and Scope

This field corresponds to ISBD Area 0 Content Form and Media Type Area, whose purpose is to indicate at the very beginning of the description both the fundamental form or forms in which the content of a resource is expressed and the type or types of carrier used to convey that content so as to assist catalogue users in identifying and selecting resources appropriate to their needs.

Repeatable when a resource consists of different media types and contains different content forms.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
203	CONTENT FORM AND MEDIA TYPE	R	O
a	Content Form	R	M
b	Content Qualification	R	MA
c	Media Type	NR	M

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Content Form

Content form categories reflect the fundamental form or forms in which the content of a resource is expressed. Terms defined for ISBD Content Form element must be used. Mandatory. Repeatable.

\$b Content Qualification

A content form category is expanded by one or more content qualification sub-categories that are applicable to the resource being described. Content qualifications specify the type, presence or absence of motion, dimensionality and sensory nature for the resource being described. Terms defined for ISBD Content Qualification sub-element must be used. Mandatory if applicable. Repeatable.

\$c Media Type

Media type categories record the type or types of carrier used to convey the content of the resource. Terms defined for ISBD Media Type element must be used. Mandatory. Not repeatable.

Note on Field Contents

ISBD Information

The data in the field should be entered as specified in ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011). The correspondence between this field and ISBD specification is illustrated below.

UNIMARC subfield	Element Name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Content form	0.1	New area
\$b	Content qualification	0.1.1	()
\$b	Subsequent content qualification	0.1.1	;
\$a	Subsequent content form (contained in same Media type)	0.1	.
\$c	Media type	0.2	:
Field repeated	Subsequent content form: media type statement		+

If a resource consists of different media types, field 203 is repeated and each subsequent Content Form : Media Type statement is preceded by a space, plus sign, space (+).

Related Fields

181 CODED DATA FIELD: CONTENT FORM	If ISBD Area 0 elements are not generated from coded data field 181, the information shall be given in plain text in field 203.
182 CODED DATA FIELD: MEDIA TYPE	If ISBD Area 0 elements are not generated from coded data field 182, the information shall be given in plain text in field 203.

Examples

EX 1
181 #0\$ab4\$bcb2d##
182 #0\$an
203 ##\$aImage\$bcartographic\$bstill\$b2-dimensional\$btactile\$cunmediated
Coded information specifying the ISBD Content form and Content qualification of a tactile map. The display of ISBD data is not generated but carried out by a plain text 203 field to display: <i>Image (cartographic ; still ; 2-dimensional ; tactile) : unmediated.</i>

History

2016	New field.
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204 GENERAL MATERIAL DESIGNATION (GMD) [OBSOLETE]

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains coded information on the GMD. It corresponds to the ISBD General Material Designation.

Data was included at field 200 subfield \$b until ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) was published.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
204	GENERAL MATERIAL DESIGNATION (GMD)[OBSOLETE]	-	Obsolete
a	General Material Designation	-	-

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a General Material Designation

Text of General Material Designation. Not repeatable.

205 EDITION STATEMENT

Field Definition and Scope

The field contains a statement of the edition of the resource along with any additional issue statement and statement of responsibility relating to the edition.

It corresponds to the ISBD Edition Area.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
205	EDITION STATEMENT	R	O
a	Edition Statement	NR	O
b	Issue Statement	R	O
d	Parallel Edition Statement	R	O
f	Statement of Responsibility Relating to Edition	R	O
g	Subsequent Statement of Responsibility	R	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Edition Statement

A word, phrase or group of characters in a formal statement, identifying the resource as a member of an edition. Not repeatable. Additional edition statements are entered in \$b.

\$b Issue Statement

This subfield contains an edition statement relating to an issue or an additional edition statement which:

- is formally identified as constituting an edition within an edition, or
- has significant differences in content from other issues of the larger edition to which it belongs ([EX 5, 8](#)), or
- is an alternative designation for the edition named in subfield \$a ([EX 6](#)).

It corresponds to the ISBD Additional Edition Statement. Repeatable for a parallel or additional issue statement.

\$d Parallel Edition Statement

The statement of an edition in a language and/or script other than the edition statement in subfield \$a ([EX 9](#)). Repeatable for each edition statement in other languages.

\$f Statement of Responsibility Relating to Edition

The first of any statements of responsibility relating to the edition. May appear following subfields \$a ([EX 8, 9](#)), \$b ([EX 7](#)), or \$d ([EX 9](#)). Repeatable for parallel first statements and first statements relating to additional edition statements.

\$g Subsequent Statement of Responsibility

Any subsequent statement of responsibility relating to the edition ([EX 7](#)). Follows subfield \$f. Repeatable for additional subsequent statements and parallel subsequent statements.

Notes on Field Contents

ISBD Information

The data in the field should be entered, as specified in ISBD, in the terms that appear on the resource. When data is supplied by the cataloguer, it should be enclosed within brackets []. The correspondence between this field and ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specification is illustrated below.

UNIMARC subfield	Element name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Edition statement	2.1	New area
\$d	Parallel edition statement	2.2	=
\$f	Statement of responsibility relating to edition	2.3, 2.5	/
\$g	Subsequent statement of responsibility	2.3, 2.5	;
\$b	Issue or additional edition statement	2.4	,

Subfield Content

Statements of responsibility are entered immediately after the edition/issue statement to which they specifically apply. If a statement of responsibility applies to the work as a whole, and not merely to one particular edition or issue, it is entered in subfields 200 \$f or \$g. A single statement of responsibility may contain more than one name in some cases ([EX 8](#)).

When a statement relating to an issue or reprint is present in the resource and there is no edition statement present, the issue statement is entered in subfield \$a ([EX 4](#)). Many cataloguing codes do not transcribe an edition statement when it refers to a first edition.

Parallel Data

Parallel data appearing on the resource, i.e. data repeated in another language or script, is denoted in ISBD by the use of equals sign followed by a space “= ” at the start of any block of parallel data. In this field, the subfield identifier \$d will generate “= ” automatically ([EX 9](#)). If “= ” is required by ISBD rules at the start of any other subfield, it must be entered explicitly. The equals sign and space then replace any other punctuation that would normally be generated at that subfield boundary.

Related Fields

200 TITLE AND STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY	Statements of responsibility relating to the title as a whole are entered in field 200.
305 NOTES PERTAINING TO EDITION AND BIBLIOGRAPHIC HISTORY	Used for notes on the contents of field 205.
7-- RESPONSIBILITY BLOCK	Any names in an edition statement for which access points are required are entered in 7-- fields.

Examples

EX 1
205 ##\$a16th ed.
EX 2
205 ##\$aNew and revised ed.
EX 3
205 ##\$aLarge print ed.
EX 4
205 ##\$a2nd impression
EX 5
205 ##\$a3rd ed.\$b2nd (corrected) impression

A title *Ireland* edited by L. Russell Muirhead states “Third edition. Second (corrected) impression”. Second (corrected) impression is an issue statement and is entered in \$b.

EX 6

205 ##\$aEnglish full ed.\$b4th international ed.

The English full edition of UDC is also labelled “Fourth international edition”. The additional edition statement is entered in \$b.

EX 7

205 ##\$a2nd ed.\$breissued\$fwith a foreword by Magnus Magnusson\$gextra notes by P. Gardner

The second edition of the resource is reissued with the addition of a foreword by Magnus Magnusson, with extra notes by P. Gardner.

EX 8

205 ##\$a4th ed.\$frevised by H.G. Le Mesurier and E. McIntosh\$breprinted with corrections

The 4th edition of *The pocket Oxford dictionary of accurate English* is revised by H.G. Le Mesurier and E. McIntosh. A reprint is issued with corrections.

EX 9

205 ##\$a2nd ed.\$fedited by Larry C. Lewis\$d2e éd.\$frédigée par Larry C. Lewis

A parallel edition statement.

History

2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2012	Corrections.

206 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – MATHEMATICAL DATA

Field Definition and Scope

The statements of scale, projections, coordinates and equinox of a cartographic resource.

It is equivalent to the ISBD Material or Type of Resource Specific Area – Mathematical Data.

Mandatory for cartographic resources.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
206	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – MATHEMATICAL DATA	R	MA
a	Mathematical Data Statement	NR	O
b	Statement of Scale	R	O
c	Statement of Projection	NR	O
d	Statement of Coordinates	NR	O
e	Right Ascension and Declination	NR	O
f	Statement of Equinox	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Formatting Indicator
	#	Unstructured
	0	Structured
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Mathematical Data Statement

The text of the statements of scale, projection, coordinates, equinoxes and epochs including ISBD punctuation. Not repeatable.

\$b Statement of Scale

Includes any equivalency statements, vertical scales or vertical exaggeration statements for relief models and other three-dimensional resources. Repeatable.

\$c Statement of Projection

Not repeatable.

\$d Statement of Coordinates

Not repeatable.

\$e Right Ascension and Declination

Used for celestial charts. Not repeatable.

\$f Statement of Equinox

Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

The text of the area may use:

either one subfield \$a for the data in unstructured format; in this situation the field is not divided into other subfields and so therefore the specifications for format and punctuation of the data in this field are as contained in the ISBD and all ISBD specified punctuation is carried in the field

or subfields \$b, \$c, \$d, \$e, \$f as required for the structured data.

The correspondence between this field (structured version) and ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specification is illustrated below.

UNIMARC subfield	Element name	ISBD (2011)	Preceding punctuation
\$b	Statement of scale	3.1.1	New area
\$b	Statement of scale	3.1.1	,
\$c	Statement of projection	3.1.2	;
\$d	Statement of coordinates	3.1.3.1	()
\$e	Right ascension and declination used for celestial charts	3.1.3.3	()
\$f	Statement of equinox	3.1.3.4	(*;*)

The statement of zone used for celestial charts and the statement of equinox are transcribed into the same pair of parentheses.

Related Fields

120 CODED DATA FIELD: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – GENERAL	This field contains a code for map projection.
122 CODED DATA FIELD: TIME PERIOD OF RESOURCE CONTENT	This field contains in coded form the date to which the resource applies, it includes the data which is found in the statement of equinox in records relating to celestial charts.
123 CODED DATA FIELD: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – SCALE AND COORDINATES	
131 CODED DATA FIELD: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – GEODETIC, GRID AND VERTICAL MEASUREMENT	

Examples

EX 1
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale 1:6 336 000 (W 170°-W 50°/N 80° -N 40°)
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale 1:6 336 000\$dW 170°-W 50°/N 80°-N 40°
EX 2
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale 1:250 000. Vertical scale 1:125 000 ; Universal Transverse Mercator proj. (W 124°- W 122°/N 58°-N57°)
The record was created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011).
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale 1:250 000\$bVertical scale 1:125 000\$cUniversal Transverse Mercator proj.\$dW 124°- W 122°/N 58°-N57°

EX 3
Unstructured information
206 ##\$a(RA 16 hr. 30 min. to 19 hr. 30min./Decl. -16° to -49°; eq. 1950, epoch 1948)
Structured information
206 0#\$eRA 16 hr. 30 min. to 19 hr. 30min./Decl. -16° to -49°\$feq. 1950, epoch 1948
Example of a celestial chart.
EX 4
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale [ca. 1:770.000]
Includes in field 315, note: Scale given with the calculated value 14.50 cm for the latitude degree.
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale [ca. 1:770.000]
Includes in field 315, note: Scale given with the calculated value 14.50 cm for the latitude degree.
EX 5
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale [ca. 1:500.000]. Vertical scale [ca. 1:100.000]
The record was created prior to ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011).
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale [ca. 1:500.000]\$bVertical scale [ca. 1:100.000]
EX 6
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale 1:25.000 ; Gauss-Kruger projection (W 8° 42' 37" W 8° 42' 34" W 8° 31' 03" W 8° 31' 01" / N 41° 55' 01" N 41° 54' 58" N 41° 49' 37" N 41° 49' 34")
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale 1:25.000\$cGauss-Kruger projection\$dW 8° 42' 37" W 8° 42' 34" W 8° 31' 03" W 8° 31' 01" / N 41° 55' 01" N 41° 54' 58" N 41° 49' 37" N 41° 49' 34"
EX 7
Unstructured information
206 ##\$aScale not given (RA 16 hr. 30 min. to 19 hr. 30 min. / Decl. -16° to -49° eq. 1950, epoch 1948).
Structured information
206 0#\$bScale not given\$eRA 16 hr. 30 min. to 19 hr. 30 min. / Decl. -16° to -49°\$feq. 1950, epoch 1948
Example of a celestial chart.

History

2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2012	Align with ISBD.

207 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: NUMBERING OF CONTINUING RESOURCES

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains the numbering and/or dates of coverage of the first and last issues of a continuing resource when the numbers and dates are known.

It corresponds to the ISBD Material or Type of Resource Specific Area - Numbering (Serials).

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
207	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: NUMBERING OF CONTINUING RESOURCES	NR	O
a	Numbering: Dates and Volume Designations	R	O
z	Source of Numbering Information	R	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2		Formatted Numbering Indicator
	0	Formatted
	1	Not formatted

Indicators Description

Indicator 2: Formatted Numbering Indicator

This indicator indicates whether the volume and dates are formatted or structured.

Subfields Description

\$a Numbering: Dates and Volume Designations

The numbering and/or dates of coverage as defined in the Field Definition above. Repeatable when a new sequence of numbering is started.

\$z Source of Numbering Information

A note on the source of numbering information when it is not taken from the resource itself ([EX 6](#)). Repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

The field contains numbering and/or dates of coverage. Dates of coverage given in this field do not necessarily coincide with the dates of publication in the record.

Recommendations for formatting data in field are contained in ISBD.

Related Fields

210 PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.	Subfield \$d contains the date of publication of the resource which is entered in the prescribed form, whether or not it coincides with any date in field 207.
225 SERIES	When the resource is a member of a series and bears a series number within that series (e.g. v.7 of a monographic series), the number within the series should be entered in field 225.

Examples

EX 1
207 #0\$aVol. 1, no. 1 (Jan. 1940)-
A continuing resource which is still being published is numbered from volume 1, number 1 onwards. The issues are dated from January 1940.
EX 2
207 #0\$aVol. 1, no. 1 (1 Apr. 1946)-vol.26, no. 195 (10 Oct.1972) = no. 1-no. 6943
A daily newspaper was published from April 1, 1946 to October 10, 1972 starting with volume 1 number 1 and ending with volume 26, number 195. In addition, each issue was numbered consecutively from 1 to 6943.
EX 3
207 #0\$aApr.1978-July 1983
A continuing resource is published monthly from April 1978 to July 1983 and has no volume or issue numbering
EX 4
207 #0\$aVol. 1, pt. 1 (June 1845)-vol. 72, pt. 12 (Dec.1916)\$aN.s. vol. 1, no. 1 (Jan. 1917)-
A continuing resource started with volume 1, part 1, in June 1845 and in 1917 after volume 72 part 12 when it changed its format it started renumbering from New series, volume 1, number 1. Each sequence is entered in a separate subfield.
EX 5
207 #0\$a1951/1-
A continuing resource first published in 1951 is numbered 1951/1 onwards.
EX 6
207 #1\$aBegan in 1963\$zBUCOP
An unformatted numbering statement, with source of information.

History

2012	Corrections.
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208 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: MUSIC FORMAT STATEMENT

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains a statement, transcribed from the resource, relating to the particular format of a printed or manuscript music resource.

The field corresponds to the ISBD Material or Type of Resource Specific Area - Music Format Statement (Notated music).

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
208	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: MUSIC FORMAT STATEMENT	NR	O
a	Music Format Statement	NR	O
d	Parallel Music Format Statement	R	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Music Format Statement

The statement related to the particular format of the resource, taken from the title page ([EX 1, 2](#)). Not repeatable.

\$d Parallel Music Format Statement

Any additional statements in a different language and/or script, taken from the title page ([EX 2](#)). Repeatable for each additional statement.

Notes on Field Contents

Parallel Data

Parallel data appearing on the resource, i.e. data repeated in another language or script, is denoted in ISBD by the use of the equals sign followed by a space = at the start of any block of parallel data. In this field, the subfield identifier \$d will generate “= “ automatically ([EX 2](#)).

Related Field

125 CODED DATA: SOUND RECORDINGS AND MUSICAL SCORES

Examples

EX 1
208 ##\$aMiniature score
EX 2
208 ##\$aOrchester-Partitur\$dFull score

History

2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
------	--

210 PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains information on the publication, distribution and manufacture of the resource including associated dates. It is also used in the case of manuscripts for place and date of writing and name of copyist or scriptorium.

It corresponds to the ISBD Publication, Distribution, etc. Area.

Repeatable for recording a sequence of publication data in addition to or instead of field 306, Notes pertaining to publication, distribution, etc.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
210	PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.	R	O
a	Place of Publication, Distribution, etc.	R	O
b	Address of Publisher, Distributor, etc.	R	O
c	Name of Publisher, Distributor, etc.	R	O
d	Date of Publication, Distribution, etc.	R	O
e	Place of Manufacture	R	O
f	Address of Manufacturer	R	O
g	Name of Manufacturer	R	O
h	Date of Manufacture	R	O
r	Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Main Source of Information	NR	O
s	Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Colophon	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Sequence of Publication Data
	#	Not applicable / Earliest available publisher
	0	Intervening publisher
	1	Current or latest publisher
2		Type of Release
	#	Produced in multiple copies, usually published or publically distributed
	1	Not published or publically distributed

Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Sequence of Publication Data

Specifies whether the publisher, distributor, etc, place and date of publication recorded in the field is first/earliest, intervening or current.

Value #: Not applicable / Earliest available publisher

Used when just one publication statement is intended to be recorded, or for the earliest available publisher, when the sequence of publication data is recorded.

For monographic resources that are complete as first issued, value blank is used.

For serials, value blank is used when a serial is first catalogued. Information given as value blank is not changed, unless incorrect or earlier issues of a serials are later available with differing publishing information.

Only one publishing statement may contain the first indicator with value blank in a record.

Value 0: Intervening publisher

When the publisher changes, or when the place of publication changes, additional publication statements relating to the earliest and intervening may be recorded with first indicator value 0.

Value 1: Current or latest publisher

When the publisher changes, or when the place of publication changes, the current publication statement may be added with first indicator value 1.

Data given in a subsequent publishing statement can be changed to reflect the current information when only the earliest and most current data is needed.

Indicator 2: Type of Release**Value 1: Not published or publically distributed**

Indicates a non-published work, e.g. manuscript ([EX 16](#), [17](#), [18](#), [24](#), [25](#)).

Subfields Description**\$a Place of Publication, Distribution, etc.**

The town or other locality where the resource is published or distributed or, in the case of a manuscript, written. If the place is not well-known or is incorrectly or archaically spelled, amplification may be added in brackets according to the provisions of ISBD ([EX 2](#), [3](#)). Repeatable for each place named ([EX 7](#), [12](#), [13](#)) or for the place of publication in another language ([EX 14](#)).

\$b Address of Publisher, Distributor, etc.

The full postal address of a publisher, scriptorium or distributor within parentheses or brackets, usually, in the case of publisher, included only when the publisher is not well-known ([EX 4](#)). Repeatable.

\$c Name of Publisher, Distributor, etc.

The name of the publisher or distributor which may be in a shortened form so long as it is readily recognisable ([EX 1](#)). When a statement of function of the distributor is included, it is entered in this subfield in brackets ([EX 5](#), [12](#)). In the case of manuscripts, if known, the name of scriptorium or copyist is mentioned ([EX 18](#)). Repeatable ([EX 8](#)).

\$d Date of Publication, Distribution, etc.

The date or approximate date of publication, the writing of a manuscript, production of an art work, etc., or a copyright date ([EX 7](#)) or date of manufacture ([EX 11](#)), or the time period that specifies the part of the bibliographic resource to which the field applies ([EX 19-23](#)). An open date ([EX 6](#)) or spanning date ([EX 10](#)) is permitted. Repeatable for a date of distribution when included in addition to a date of publication and separated from it by an intervening subfield ([EX 12](#)), otherwise not repeatable.

\$e Place of Manufacture

The place of manufacture of the resource, e.g. the place of printing of a book ([EX 9](#)) or the place where a composite manuscript has been collected or bound together. If the place is not well-known or is incorrectly named, amplification may be added in brackets according to the provisions of ISBD. In the case of older monographic publications for which the publication and printing information is recorded in separate elements and not according to the order on the source of information, \$e is used to record information taken from the colophon, whether it concerns publication or printing or both. Repeatable.

\$f Address of Manufacturer

The full postal address of the manufacturer, usually included because the manufacturer is not well known. Repeatable.

\$g Name of Manufacturer

The name of the manufacturer (e.g. printer) ([EX 3, 2](#)) or the person or institution collecting different units to produce a composite manuscript. May be in a shortened form so long as it is readily recognisable. In the case of older monographic publications for which the publication and printing information is recorded in separate elements and not according to the order on the source of information, \$g is used to record information taken from the colophon, whether it concerns the publisher or the printer or both. Repeatable.

\$h Date of Manufacture

The date of manufacture of the resource or assembling of a manuscript, when used to supplement the date of publication ([EX 13](#)). In the case of older monographic publications for which the publication and printing information is recorded in separate elements and not according to the order on the source of information, \$h is used to record information taken from the colophon, whether it concerns the publication or the printing or both. Repeatable.

\$r Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Main Source of Information

The place and/or date of publishing and/or printing, and/or the name of publisher and/or printer, and other information relating to publication and/or printing, transcribed in the form and order as they appear on the title page or its substitute. Mainly used for older monographic publications (antiquarian). Not repeatable.

\$s Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Colophon

Used for older monographic publications (antiquarian). The place and/or date of the printing and/or publishing, and/or the name of the printer and/or publisher of an older monographic publication, transcribed in the form and order as they appear in the colophon. Punctuation, e.g. parenthesis, can be generated for display of this subfield, if required by the cataloguing rules. Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

The information in field 210 is similar to the information presented in field 214 Production, Publication, Distribution, Manufacture Statements that corresponds to IFLA LRM and RDA.

Fields 210 and 214 should not be used in the same record.

Field Repeatability

The field is repeatable for resources that change over time so that both earliest, current and, if desired, intervening publishing information could be included in the record.

Repeatable 210 fields give subsequent information only on the activity of different publishers and/or places of publication for the given period of time.

In the case of a change affecting only one publisher, all names of places and publishers must be transcribed in the subsequent repeatable field 210 ([EX 19](#)).

Dates in the first field 210 give the complete publication dates for a resource: start and end years (as given in the field 100\$a/9-16) regardless of the change of publishers and/or place of publication. Information related to start and end dates of the first publisher should be recorded in the first repeatable 210 with the first indicator value 0 (zero).

See [EX 19-23](#).

Subfield Contents

It is recommended that each record should have either a field 210 or a field 214. Places, names and dates should where possible be as on the resource. Where place and name of publisher are not known, [S.l.] (sine loco) and [s.n.] (sine nomine) or their equivalents in non-roman scripts are entered in subfields \$a and \$c respectively ([EX 9](#)). When more than one publisher/distributor is given, each is preceded by its place in separate repeated subfields ([EX 5, 8](#)). The rules for the omission of names of places and publishers depend on the practices of the agency.

Dates

A date is always in subfield \$d. If the date of publication is not known a copyright date or an approximate date may be given. Such a date may be indicated as a copyright date ([EX 7](#)) or date of manufacture. A copyright date may be entered in addition to the date of publication; both are entered in the same subfield \$d. When date of manufacture is entered in addition to the date in subfield \$d, it is entered in subfield \$h ([EX 13](#)). Parentheses are omitted from this subfield, and are generated at output. For manuscripts, or other non-published resources, a date or range of dates (century or portion of century) is permissible.

A spanning date may be entered in any date subfield ([EX 10](#)). When an open date is entered ([EX 6](#)) it is entered without any following space. If required, such spaces are generated at output.

Parallel Data

Parallel data may be entered in this field, in which case it is entered in a repeated subfield and preceded by an equals sign and space “= “ ([EX 14](#)).

ISBD Information

ISBD recommend that any full address in \$b or \$f be entered in brackets if it is supplied by the cataloguer or in parentheses if it is taken from the resource. Since this is not prescribed punctuation, it should be carried if required for a record even when it occurs at a subfield boundary ([EX 4](#)). When a distributor is named, a term such as Distributor or its equivalent may be entered in brackets ([EX 5](#), [12](#)). Although these brackets are prescribed punctuation in the ISBD, they are not dropped at subfield boundaries in the UNIMARC record.

For further information on the data content of this field refer to the ISBD. The correspondence between this field and ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specification is illustrated below.

UNIMARC Subfield	Element name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Place of publication, production and/or distribution	4.1	New area
\$a	Subsequent place of publication, production and/or distribution	4.1	;
\$b	Address of publisher, distributor, etc.	4.2	
\$c	Name of publisher, producer and/or distributor	4.2	:
\$d	Date of publication, production and/or distribution	4.3	,
\$e	Place of printing, manufacture or engraving	4.4	(if present
\$e	Subsequent place of printing, manufacture or engraving		;
\$f	Address of printer, manufacturer or engraver		
\$g	Name of printer, manufacturer or engraver	4.5	:
\$h	Date of printing, manufacture or engraving	4.6	,

The entire statement of manufacture is enclosed within parentheses.

Related Fields

100 GENERAL PROCESSING DATA, Dates (character positions 9-16)	Dates of publication are entered in field 100 as well as in 210 \$d. Both should be entered: in field 100 the real date is entered and in field 210 subfield \$d the date present on the resource.
102 COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION OR PRODUCTION	This field contains a code for the country or countries of publication or production and a code for the locality. It is recommended that field 102 be used in addition to field 210.
205 EDITION STATEMENT	A date of printing for a reprint etc. may be included in an edition or issue statement.

214 PRODUCTION, PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURE STATEMENTS	Field is used for case where content standard makes a distinction between functions. Field 214 is an alternative to field 210.
306 NOTES PERTAINING TO PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.	This field contains a note about publication, distribution, etc. For information on changes of publication distribution, etc., it is optional to use repeatable field 210 as well as field 306.
345 ACQUISITION INFORMATION NOTE	This field contains the full mailing address of a publisher, distributor etc.
620 PLACE AND DATE OF PUBLICATION, PERFORMANCE, ETC.	If it is desired to provide an access point for the place of publication, production etc., the place and date of performance, etc., are entered in this field.
7-- RESPONSIBILITY BLOCK	If it is desired to provide an access point for a publisher or manufacturer, the name of the person or body is entered in a 7-- field.

Examples

EX 1
210 ##\$a[Cambridge, Mass.]\$cHarvard Univ. P.\$d1981
The place of publication is not in the chief source of information. The agency abbreviates common words in the publisher's name.
EX 2
210 ##\$aBrampton [Cumbria]\$cL.Y.T.C.\$d[1978 or 1979]
The place in the imprint is not well-known and a county is added. The date is not certain.
EX 3
210 ##\$aNottigham [i.e. Nottingham]\$c[s.n.]\$d1966\$gSherwood Printers
The place name is incorrectly or archaically spelled and no publisher is named.
EX 4
210 ##\$aLondon\$b(52, St. George's Avenue, N7)\$cSt George's Church\$d[1975]
The address of the publisher has been included by the agency preparing the record. The date is taken from elsewhere than the chief source of information and is enclosed in brackets.
EX 5
210 ##\$aColorado Springs\$cMyles\$aLondon\$cHouseman [distributor]\$d1980
The statement of the function of the distributor is added.
EX 6
210 ##\$aLondon\$cMacmillan for the Linnean Society\$d1964-@
The date is an open date. In this example the end of field marker "@" is included for clarity.
EX 7
210 ##\$aLondon\$aBoston\$cButterworth\$dcop. 1982
A repeated place of publication is needed for one publisher. The date is a copyright date and indicated as such.
EX 8
210 ##\$aIpswich\$cBoydell P.\$aBungay\$cWaveney Publications\$d1976
The resource has more than one publisher.
EX 9
210 ##\$a[S.I.\$cs.n.]\$d1974\$eManchester\$gUnity Press

The resource has only the name of the printer. S.l.and s.n. are supplied.
EX 10
210 ##\$aLondon, [etc.]\$cO.U.P.\$d1978-1981
The agency preparing the record enters only the first place of publication. The resource was published in separate volumes over a period of time.
EX 11
210 ##\$aBombay\$c[s.n.]\$d1980 printing
The date of printing is given in lieu of a date of publication and indicated as such.
EX 12
210 ##\$aLondon\$cEducational Record\$d1973\$aNew York\$cEdcorp [distributor] \$d1975
EX 13
210 ##\$aGeneva\$cWHO\$aLondon\$cdistributed by H.M.S.O.\$d1970\$h1973 printing
EX 14
210 ##\$aBern\$cBundeskanzlei\$a= Berne\$cChancellerie fédérale\$d1974
Both name and place of publisher are in more than one language.
EX 15
210 ##\$aA Paris\$cChez l'auteur\$dAvec Privilège du Roy, 1700
The resource has a privilege date.
EX 16
210 #1\$aVenezia\$cAntonio Vivaldi\$d1716
A manuscript in Vivaldi's hand, written in Venice in 1716.
EX 17
210 #1\$aNapoli\$cLuigi Marescalchi\$d[2nd half of 18th cent.]
The Raccolta di Duettini / Per due Voci di Soprano / Col Basso / Del Sig.r Giuseppe Aprile / In Napoli presso Luigi Marescalchi, manuscript Milan conservatory Mus.tr.ms 1456, of the second half of the 18th century.
EX 18
210 #1\$aAlcobaça\$cMosteiro de Santa Maria\$d1495
A manuscript produced in the scriptorium of the Mosteiro de Santa Maria
EX 19
210 ##\$aOxford\$cUniversity Press\$aAmsterdam\$cElsevier\$d1970-
210 0#\$aOxford\$cUniversity Press\$aAmsterdam\$cElsevier\$d1970-1975
210 0#\$aLondon\$cPergamon\$aAmsterdam\$cElsevier\$d1975-1979
210 0#\$aOxford\$cPergamon\$aAmsterdam\$cElsevier\$d1980-1990
210 1#\$aAmsterdam\$cElsevier\$d1990-
Repeated publication information on the changes of place of publication, name of publisher and corresponding dates of publication for a continuing resource.
EX 20
210 ##\$aKoprivnica\$cMuzej grada Koprivnice\$d1978-
210 0#\$aKoprivnica\$cMuzej grada Koprivnice\$d1978-1980
210 0#\$aKutina\$cMuzej Moslavine\$d1991-1992
210 1#\$aVaraždin\$cMuzejsko društvo sjeverozapadne Hrvatske\$d1993-

Periodical Muzejski vjesnik is currently being published (from 1993) by Muzejsko društvo sjeverozapadne Hrvatske in Varaždin. The first publisher was Muzej grada Koprivnice in Koprivnica from 1978-1980, while the intervening publisher (in this case the one immediately before the current one is only recorded) was Muzej Moslavine in Kutina from 1991 to 1992.

EX 21

210 ##\$aZagreb\$cDruštvo ljevača NR Hrvatske\$d1954-1986

210 0#\$aZagreb\$cDruštvo ljevača NR Hrvatske\$d1954-1962

210 0#\$aZagreb\$cDruštvo ljevača SR Hrvatske\$d 1963-1977

210 1#\$aRijeka\$cSavez ljevača SR\$d1978-1986

Periodical Ljevarstvo is no longer being published. The first publisher was Društvo ljevača NR Hrvatske in Zagreb from 1954-1962, while the current publisher at the time it ceased to be published was Savez ljevača SR from Rijeka in the period 1978-1986. The intervening publisher (only one) was Društvo ljevača SR Hrvatske in Zagreb from 1963 to 1977.

EX 22

210 ##\$aParis\$cElsevier\$d1989-

210 0#\$aParis\$cElsevier\$d1989-1999

210 1#\$aLes Ulis\$cEDP Sciences\$d2000-

EX 23

210 ##\$aParis\$cCNRS, Centre de documentation sciences humaines\$d1977-

210 0#\$aParis\$cCNRS, Centre de documentation sciences humaines\$d1977-1981

210 0#\$aParis\$cSociété française d'histoire des sciences et techniques\$d1982-1997

210 1#\$aFontenay-aux-Roses\$cENS éd.\$d1998-

EX 24

210 #1\$aLisbon\$d1980

An original drawing, or a photography, produced in Lisbon in 1980.

EX 25

210 #1\$d1 de Junho de 1803

A dated manuscript with day, month and year of writing

EX 26

210 ##\$rA Lauzanne, & se trouve, a Paris, chez Chaubert, quai des Augustins, à la Renommée. Et Claude Herissant, imprimeur, rue Notre-Dame, à la Croix d'or. M. DCC. LIX

The place and date of publication and name of the publisher are recorded in the form and order they appear on the title page of the resource (subfield \$r), for identification purposes.

EX 27

210 ##\$rAn. M. D. LXI Excudebat Henricus Stephanus, illustris viri Huldrici Fuggeri typographus.

The place and date of publication and name of the publisher are recorded in the form and order they appear on the title page of the resource (subfield \$r), for identification purposes.

EX 28

210 ##\$rParisiis ex officina Simonis Colinaei. 1520

The place and date of publication and name of the publisher are recorded in the form and order they appear on the title page of the resource (subfield \$r), for identification purposes. These elements are also recorded in a standardized form in a field 212.

EX 29

210 ##\$rHoc opus secu[n]da editio[n]e coimpressum est et emendatius castigatum apud Eustatium Marescal in vico Portarietis.\$sImpressa Tholos[a]e per Eustatium Mareschali : sumptibus vero

Guillermi de Clauso : Anthonii Leymon : et Laurentii Cariere. Anno D[omi]ni .M.CCCCC.XXII. Die vero. XIII. decembris

The place and date of publication and name of the publisher and printer are recorded in the form and order they appear on the title page (subfield \$r) and on the colophon (subfield \$s) of the resource, for identification purposes.

History

2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2008	Indicator 2 to indicate type of release.
2012	Data as on item.
2019	Additions in the Notes on Field Contents (harmonization with field 210); addition in the Related fields (field 214).
2021	Text edit and correction: sec. Indicators, Field Repeatability

211 PROJECTED PUBLICATION DATE

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains the projected date of publication of the resource.

The field is used for CIP (Cataloguing In Publication) entries and similar advance records created from information provided by the publisher.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
211	PROJECTED PUBLICATION DATE	NR	O
a	Date	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Date

The data should be recorded according to ISO 8601-1 in all-numeric form without separators between year, month, and day, i.e. YYYYMMDD. Where day or month and day are unknown, those positions contain blanks. Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

This is a temporary field, to be deleted when the record is updated.

Related Fields

RECORD LABEL, Record Status (character position 5)
210 PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC., subfield \$d

Examples

In the following examples, the Record Label shows only the relevant character position 5, (Record Status).
EX 1
RECORD LABEL ----n-----
210 ##\$aLondon\$cFaber\$d1999
211 ##\$a199911##
A new CIP record for a resource scheduled to be published in November 1999.
RECORD LABEL ----p-----
210 ##\$aLondon\$cFaber\$d1999
The 211 field is deleted when the updated record for the resource is issued after publication.
EX 2
RECORD LABEL ----n-----
210 ##\$aNew York\$cMacmillan\$d1999
211 ##\$a199912##
A new record for a resource scheduled to be published in December 1999.

RECORD LABEL ----p-----
210 ##\$aNew York\$cMacmillan\$d2000
The updated record for the same resource. Publication was delayed.

History

2000	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions: Prior to Update 3 the recommended form was YYMMDD
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214 PRODUCTION, PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURE STATEMENTS

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains statements relating to the publication, production, distribution or manufacture of a manifestation, when the rules applied by the cataloguing agency specify that a distinction must be made between these statements, e.g. rules based on the RDA code.

Repeatable for recording a sequence of publication data in addition to or instead of field 306, Notes pertaining to publication, distribution, etc., and/or for cases where a distinction is made between functions.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
214	PRODUCTION, PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, MANUFACTURE STATEMENTS	R	O
a	Place of Publication, Production, Distribution or Manufacture	R	O
b	Address of Publisher, Producer, Distributor or Manufacturer	R	O
c	Name of Publisher, Producer, Distributor or Manufacturer	R	O
d	Date of Publication, Production, Distribution or Manufacture	NR	O
r	Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Main Source of Information	NR	O
s	Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Colophon	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Sequence of Publication Data
	#	Not applicable/No information provided/Earliest available
	0	Intervening
	1	Current or latest
2		Type of Statement
	#	blank (not defined)
	0	Publication
	1	Production
	2	Distribution
	3	Manufacture
	4	Copyright or a protection date

Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Sequence of Publication Data

Specifies whether the publisher, distributor, etc. or place and date of publication, distribution, etc., recorded in the field is first/earliest, intervening or current.

Value #: Not applicable/No information provided/Earliest available

Value # is used for monographic resources that are complete as first issued and for continuing resources when a continuing resource is first catalogued. Information given as value # is not changed unless incorrect or earlier issues of a continuing resource are later available with differing publishing information.

Value 0: Intervening

Value 0 is used when the place of publication, production, distribution, manufacture (hereinafter: publication, etc.) or name of the publisher, producer, distributor or manufacturer (hereinafter: publisher, etc.) changes. Additional statements between the earliest and latest may also be recorded with a first indicator value 0.

Value 1: Current or latest

Value 1 is used when the place of publication, etc. or the name of publisher, etc. changes and the current statement is recorded.

Indicator 2: Type of Statement

Specifies whether this field 214 carries a statement pertaining to publication, production, distribution or manufacture statements, or whether it carries copyright or a protection date.

Subfields Description**\$a Place of Publication, Production, Distribution or Manufacture**

The town or other locality where the manifestation is published, distributed, produced or manufactured (EX 1-9). Repeatable.

\$b Address of Publisher, Producer, Distributor or Manufacturer

The full postal address of publisher, etc. (EX 2). Repeatable.

\$c Name of Publisher, Producer, Distributor or Manufacturer

The name of the publisher, etc. (EX 1-9). Repeatable.

\$d Date of Publication, Production, Distribution, Manufacture or Copyright Notice

The date or approximate date of publication, etc. or the time period that specifies the part of the bibliographic resource to which the field applies (EX 1-9). An open date or spanning date is permitted. Subfield \$d is also used to record a date of distribution (EX 4, 8), manufacture (EX 2, 3), a copyright date or a date of protection.

The copyright or protection date can be given in lieu of, or in addition to a publication date for the manifestation (EX 4, 6, 8). To be used in a separate field 214 with value “4” in indicator 2. Not repeatable.

\$r Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Main Source of Information

The place and/or date of publishing and/or printing, and/or the name of the publisher and/or printer, and other information relating to publication and/or printing, transcribed in the form and order as they appear on the title page or its substitute. Mainly used for older monographic resources (antiquarian). Not repeatable.

\$s Printing and/or Publishing Information Transcribed as Found in the Colophon

Used for older monographic resources (antiquarian). The place and/or date of the printing and/or publishing, and/or the name of the printer and/or publisher of an older monographic publication, transcribed in the form and order as they appear in the colophon. Punctuation, e.g. parenthesis, can be generated for the display of this subfield if required by the cataloguing rules. Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

Information in field 214 is similar to information in field 210 Publication, Distribution, etc. Field 214 is useful for cases where the content standard or institutional policies make a distinction between functions.

Fields 210 and 214 should not be used in the same record.

For older monographic resources, subfields \$r and \$s are used to transcribe the publication and printing information as found on the resource, respectively on the title page or another main source of information and colophon. In this case, indicator 2 has value # - Not applicable.

Field Repeatability

The field is repeatable:

- 1) For resources that change over time so that both earliest, current and, if desired, intervening publishing information could be included in the record. Resources that change over time include multipart monographs, continuing resources and integrating resources.

Repeated fields 214 give information on successive places of publication, etc. or the names of publisher, etc. for the given period of time specified in subfield \$d.

All the names of places and publishers that appear on the first issue of a resource must be transcribed in the first field 214. In the case of a change affecting only one publisher, all names of places and publishers must be transcribed in the subsequent repeatable field 214.

Dates in the first field 214 give the complete publication dates for a resource: start and end years (as given in the field 100\$a/9-16) regardless of the change of publishers and/or place of publication. Information related to start and end dates of the first publisher should be recorded in the first repeatable field 214 with the first indicator value 0 (zero). See EX [19-23](#) under field 210.

- 2) When the content standard or institutional policies make a distinction between functions, each statement is recorded in a separate field. Indicator 2 specifies the type of statement that is carried in the field.

Subfield Contents

It is recommended that each record should have either a field 214 or a field 210. Transcribe places, names and dates as requested by the content standard. When the place and name of the publisher, etc. are not known, do as requested by the content standard. When more than one publisher/producer/distributor/manufacture is given, each is preceded by the associated place in separate repeated subfields. The rules for the omission of names of places and publisher, etc. depend on the practices of the agency.

Parallel Data

Parallel data may be entered in this field, in which case they are entered in a repeated subfield and preceded by an equals sign and space “= ” ([EX 9](#)).

Related Fields

100 GENERAL PROCESSING DATA, Datesc(character positions 9-16)	Dates of publication are entered in field 100 as well as in 214 \$d. Both should be entered: in field 100 the real date is entered and in field 214 subfield \$d the date present on the resource.
102 COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION OR PRODUCTION	This field contains a code for the country or countries of publication or production and a code for the locality. It is recommended that field 102 be used in addition to field 214.
205 EDITION STATEMENT	Date of printing for a reprint etc. may be included in an edition or issue statement.
210 PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.	This field contains information on the publication, production, distribution and manufacture of the resource including associated dates. Field 210 is an alternative to field 214.
306 NOTES PERTAINING TO PUBLICATION, DISTRIBUTION, ETC.	This field contains a note about publication, distribution, etc. For information on changes of

	publication distribution, etc., it is optional to use repeatable field 214 as well as field 306.
345 ACQUISITION INFORMATION NOTE	This field may contain the full mailing address of a publisher, distributor etc.
620 PLACE AND DATE OF PUBLICATION, PERFORMANCE, ETC.	This field may contain an access point for the place of publication, production etc., the place and date of performance etc.
7-2 SECONDARY RESPONSIBILITY	This field may contain an access point for a publisher, distributor or manufacturer.

Examples

EX 1
214 #0\$aParis\$cZulma\$dDL 2015
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0). Date of legal deposit used as the publication date.
EX 2
214 #0\$aParis\$b4 rue Trousseau, 75011\$cÉditions théâtrales\$d1990
214 #3\$aCondé-sur-Noireau (Calvados)\$cCorlet
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0) and manufacture statement (indicator 2 set to 3).
EX 3
214 #0\$aParis\$cL'esprit des péninsules
214 #3\$d2005
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0) with no publication date. The only available date is that of manufacture, which is recorded in manufacture statement (a separate field 214 with indicator 2 set to 3).
EX 4
214 #0\$a[Paris]\$cChambre syndicale de l'édition musicale
214 #2\$cP. Beuscher\$cFortin
214 #4\$d2012
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0) and a distribution statement (indicator 2 set to 2) with not publication nor distribution date. The only available date is the copyright date, which is recorded in a separate field 214 with indicator 2 set to 4.
EX 5
214 #1\$aBesançon\$cSociété nationale des chemins de fer français, Mission TGV Rhin-Rhône\$d1994
A production statement (indicator 2 set to 1).
EX 6
214 #0\$a[Roma]\$cIstituto nazionale di studi romani\$cFratelli Palombi editori
214 #4\$d1994
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0). No publication date found in the resource. A copyright date (\$d) is used, recorded in a separate field 214 with indicator 2 set to 4.
EX 7
214 #0\$a[Lisboa]\$cEdições Valentim De Carvalho
214 #4\$dP 2016
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0) with no publication date. The resource is an audio CD. The protection date is recorded in a copyright statement (subfield \$d in a separate field 214 with indicator 2 set to 4). According to the practices of the agency, the protection date is preceded by a "P" in order to differentiate it from the copyright date.
EX 8
214 #0\$a[Place of publication not identified]\$c[publisher not identified]

214 #2\$a[United Kingdom]\$cGuild Sound and Vision [distributor]
214 #4\$d2017
No publication statement found on the resource (one field 214 with indicator 2 set to 0 carryings “[Place of publication not identified] : [publisher not identified]”). The resource bears a distribution statement (a separate field 214 with indicator 2 set to 2) and copyright date (a third field 214 with indicator 2 set to 4).
EX 9
214 #0\$aBruxelles\$a= Brussel\$cBibliothèque royale de Belgique\$c= Koninklijke Bibliotheek van België\$d2016
A publication statement (indicator 2 set to 0) with parallel data.
EX 10
214 ##\$rParisiis, apud Méquignon juniorem, bibliopolam Facultatis theologiae, via Majorum Augustinianorum, n°9. Lugduni, apud Périsset fratres, bibliopolas, via Mercière, n°33. 1824 \$sEx typis Lebel, typographi regis
A recording of publication information transcribed as found on the title page and on the colophon.

History

2019	New field.
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215 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains information on the physical characteristics of the resource.

This field corresponds to the ISBD Material Description Area. Subfields \$b and \$f can only be used by other cataloguing standards.

Repeatable when a separate physical description is needed to each component of a multimedia kit ([EX 15](#)).

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
215	PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION	R	O
a	Specific Material Designation and Extent	R	O
b	Materials and Technique Display	NR	O
c	Other Physical Details	NR	O
d	Dimensions	R	O
e	Accompanying Material	R	O
f	Weight	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Specific Material Designation and Extent

The name of the specific type of material to which the resource belongs ([EX 3, 6, 7-14](#)) and/or an indication of the number of pieces or constituent parts ([EX 1, 2, 5](#)). Repeatable ([EX 8](#)).

\$b Materials and Technique Display

Free-text note about the substances or materials used in the creation of the resource, as well as description of the technique, media, and support used in the creation of the resource. It clarifies the relationship between the materials of which the resource is made and the techniques used to apply them. Not repeatable. ([EX 17-19](#))

\$c Other Physical Details

Physical data about the resource other than that contained elsewhere in this field or in the notes fields, e.g. details of illustrative matter, whether the resource has colour or sound, etc. ([EX 9-10](#)). Not repeatable.

\$d Dimensions

The measurements relevant of the resource being described. Repeatable ([EX 8](#)).

\$e Accompanying Material

A brief description of any material accompanying the resource being described, which is intended to be used with the resource ([EX 4, 8](#)). Repeatable.

\$f Weight

The weight of the resource. It is usually expressed in grams.

If an object is fragmented or consists of several separate parts, the weight of each part is entered in the same subfield \$f, separated by commas. Not repeatable. ([EX 20, 21](#)).

Notes on Field Contents

The treatment of accompanying material will vary according to the cataloguer's view of its importance. Compare [EX 4](#), [8](#), [15](#).

Punctuation at subfield boundaries should not be entered in the field; however, within a subfield, any separating punctuation is entered (see especially [EX 4](#)). For further information on the data content of this field, refer to the relevant ISBD. The correspondence between this field and ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specifications is illustrated below.

UNIMARC subfield	Element Name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Specific material designation and extent of resource	5.1	New area
\$c	Other physical details	5.2	:
\$d	Dimensions	5.3	;
\$e	Accompanying material	5.4	+

Related Fields

105 CODED DATA FIELD: TEXTUAL LANGUAGE MATERIAL, MONOGRAPHIC, Illustration Codes (character positions 0-3)	These character positions contain illustration codes that correspond to the illustration data in 215 \$c.
115 CODED DATA FIELD: VISUAL PROJECTIONS, VIDEO RECORDINGS AND MOTION PICTURES	This field contains coded data on materials and technique relating to visual projections, video recordings and motion pictures.
116 CODED DATA FIELD: GRAPHICS	This field contains coded data on materials and technique relating to non-projected graphics.
117 CODED DATA FIELD: THREE-DIMENSIONAL ARTEFACTS AND REALIA	This field contains coded data on materials relating to three-dimensional artefacts and realia.
123 CODED DATA FIELD: CARTOGRAPHIC RESOURCES – SCALE AND CO-ORDINATES	
126 CODED DATA FIELD: SOUND RECORDINGS – PHYSICAL ATTRIBUTES	
130 CODED DATA FIELD: MICROFORMS – PHYSICAL ATTRIBUTES	
140 CODED DATA FIELD: ANTIQUARIAN – GENERAL	This field contains coded data on materials relating to the physical form of older monographic publications (antiquarian) and also later materials described in similar bibliographic detail.
307 NOTES PERTAINING TO PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION	Any detail concerning physical description which cannot be entered in field 215 may be entered as a note in field 307.

Examples

EX 1
215 ##\$a264 p., 24 leaves of plates\$cill., 17 facs.\$d21 cm\$el map
EX 2
215 ##\$ax, 32, 73 p., [1] leaf of plates\$cmaps\$d21 cm
EX 3
215 ##\$al folder (6 p.)\$cmaps, plans, charts, portraits\$d21 x 30 cm
EX 4

215 ##\$a3 vol. (49, 37, 18 p.)\$cill., col.maps\$d22 cm\$esound disk (16 min): 33 1/3 rpm., mono., 17.5 cm
EX 5
215 ##\$a35 S.\$c16 graph. Darst.\$d24 cm
EX 6
215 ##\$a1 map\$cboth sides, col.\$d41 x 84 cm, folded to 22 x 10 cm
EX 7
215 ##\$a1 globe\$ccol., mounted on metal stand\$d31 cm in diam.
EX 8
215 ##\$a1 score(vi, 63p.)\$d20cm.\$a16 parts\$d32 cm.\$el booklet The main components are a score and 16 parts. The heights of these resources differ. There is an accompanying booklet.
EX 9
215 ##\$a1 film reel (20 min., 570 m)\$cnitrate, b&w, si.\$dl6 mm The resource is a silent black and white 16mm. 20 minute film reel on a nitrate base. It is 570 metres long. The catalogue entry would appear as follows: 1 film reel (20 min., 570 m) : nitrate, b&w, si. ; 16 mm
EX 10
215 ##\$a1 videocassette (U-matic) (30 min.)\$ccol., sd. The resource is a colour videocassette in U-matic format, with sound, lasting 30 minutes.
EX 11
215 ##\$a1 sound reel (100 min.)\$c19 cm/s., 4 track, adjacent The resource is a four-track sound reel with a playing time of 100 minutes at a speed of 19 cm./second. The track configuration is given.
EX 12
215 ##\$a1 sound reel (50 min.)\$c38 cm/s., 2 track, stereo, Dolby processed The resource is a two-track stereo sound reel with a playing time of 50 minutes at a speed of 38 cm./second. A Dolby noise reduction system has been used.
EX 13
215 ##\$a1 sound disc\$c33 1/3 rpm, coarse The resource is a sound disc with a playing speed of 33 1/3 rpm. The groove width is coarse.
EX 14
215 ##\$a1 sound disc\$c78 rpm, vertical The resource is a sound disc with a playing speed of 78 rpm. The groove direction is vertical.
EX 15
215 ##\$a3 filmstrips (96 fr.)\$ccol.\$d35 mm
215 ##\$a1 map\$ccol.\$d25×25 cm folding to 10×18 cm
215 ##\$a13 rocks and minerals\$din container, 14×9×2 cm
215 ##\$a1 wallchart\$ccol.\$d48×90 folding to 24×15 cm
EX 16
215 ##\$a340 p., 4 leaves of plates\$cill.\$d4to (19 cm.) The resource is a book from the hand-press era.

EX 17
215 ##\$bWatercolor and graphite, with gouache on cream wove paper; verso: graphite\$dWings open: height: 19 in. (484 mm.), width: 26 in. (660 mm.), Left wing: height: 19 in. (484 mm.), width: 6 3/8 in. (161 mm.), depth: 1 1/8 in. (28 mm.), Center: height: 18 7/8 in. (480 mm.), width: 12 1/2 in. (318 mm.), depth: 1 3/4 in. (45 mm.), Right wing: height: 19 in. (484 mm.), width: 6 1/4 in. (158 mm.), depth: 1 1/8 in. (28 mm.), Medallions: diameter: 4 1/4 in. (108 mm.), with beading
EX 18
215 ##\$bEtching on paper\$d194 x 128 mm
EX 19
215 ##\$a 2 salt cellars\$bLead-glazed white clay decorated with colors and inlaid dark clay\$cclay\$dAZ037.1: height: 5 3/4 inches (145 mm.), width: 3 3/8 inches (85 mm.); AZ037.2: height: 5 1/2 inches (140 mm.), width: 3 3/4 inches (95 mm.) “Salamander”: height: 5 1/2 inches (140 mm.); “Three Crescents”: height: 5 inches (127 mm.)
A set of two salt-cellars. Dimensions are given for each item of the set as well as for decorative elements (“Salamanders” and “Three Crescents”).
EX 20
215 ##\$a1 coin\$bSilver\$d 19 mm\$f2,44 g
A Roman silver denarius with a diameter of 19mm, weighing 2,44 grams.
EX 21
215 ##\$aAes rude, 4 pieces\$bBronze\$f42,63 g, 28,57 g, 19,32 g, 13,95 g
4 pieces of aes rude (unmarked bronze nuggets used as money in Ancient Roma and Italy), with their respective weights.

History

1998	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2000	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2016	Corrections and additions.
2023	Text edit. New subfield: \$f Weight and examples (20, 21).
2024	Text edit.

225 SERIES

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains the title of the series or multipart monographic resource, along with any other title information and statements of responsibility relating to the title including any of the preceding repeated in other languages, in the form and sequence in which they appear on the resource being catalogued.

The field corresponds to the ISBD Series and Multipart Monographic Resource Area.

Repeatable when the resource is in more than one series.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
225	SERIES	R	O
a	Title	NR	O
d	Parallel Title	R	O
e	Other Title Information	R	O
f	Statement of Responsibility	R	O
g	Subsequent Statement of Responsibility	R	O
h	Number of a Part	R	O
i	Name of a Part	R	O
v	Volume Designation	R	O
x	ISSN of Series	R	O
y	Standard Number of Multipart Monographic Resource	R	O
z	Language of Parallel Title	R	O
2	Source	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Form of Series Title Indicator
	#	Not applicable
	0	Not the same as the established form
	1	No established form
	2	Same as the established form
2	#	blank (not defined)

Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Form of Series Title Indicator

The access point form of the series should be recorded in a linking entry 410 field. This indicator specifies whether the series statement is the same as the access point form as recorded in field 410.

Value #: Not applicable

Used for multipart monographic resources. ([EX 8, 9](#))

Value 0: Not the same as the established form

The agency preparing the record considers the access point form in 410 differs from the series statement in 225 ([EX 1, 6](#)).

Value 1: No established form

No access point form has been established: therefore there is no corresponding title in 410 ([EX 2](#)).

Value 2: Same as the established form

The agency preparing the record considers the data in field 225 to be equivalent to the established form. In all cases it is recommended that any established form of series title be entered in field 410.

Subfields Description

\$a Title

The title of the series or multipart monographic resource in the form in which it appears on the resource being recorded. Not repeatable.

\$d Parallel Title

The title of the series or multipart monographic resource in another language and/or script relating to the title appearing in subfield \$a. Repeatable for each additional parallel series title ([EX 3, 7](#)).

\$e Other Title Information

Subtitles and other title information that appear on the resource subordinate to the title in \$a or \$d or to the name of a part in \$i ([EX 4, 9](#)). Repeatable for each segment of other title information and for parallel other title information.

\$f Statement of Responsibility

The statement of responsibility for a title appearing in \$a or \$d ([EX 1](#)) or for a numbered or named part appearing in \$h or \$i ([EX 5](#)). Subfield \$f may contain the whole text of the statement of responsibility or only the first statement of responsibility. In the latter case, the subsequent statement is entered in \$g ([EX 8, 9](#)). Repeatable for additional statements of responsibility and for parallel statements of responsibility.

\$g Subsequent Statement of Responsibility

The statement of responsibility after the first statement of responsibility relating to the same title ([EX 8, 9](#)). Repeatable for additional subsequent statements of responsibility and parallel statements of responsibility.

\$h Number of a Part

The section or part number of the series or multipart monographic resource in \$a. Repeatable for each subsection or lower level division or for a parallel part number ([EX 3](#)).

\$i Name of a Part

The section or part name of the subseries when the series entered in \$a is divided into subseries. Repeatable for each lower level of subseries or for a parallel subseries name ([EX 3, 5](#)).

\$v Volume Designation

The number of the resource being recorded within the series or multipart monographic resource entered in field 225, and any term used in the resource to designate it, which may be in abbreviated form ([EX 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9](#)). Repeatable ([EX 3](#)).

\$x ISSN of Series

The ISSN of the series, entered as an 8-digit number with a hyphen between the 4th and 5th digits. The term ISSN is omitted and should be generated on output ([EX 1](#)). Repeatable when the series and subseries each has an ISSN.

\$y Standard Number of Multipart Monographic Resource

The ISBN, ISMN, or other international standard number relating to a multipart monographic resource.

The standard number should be recorded with its customary label and hyphens between the groups of numbers. ([EX 8, 9](#)) Repeatable when more than one valid international standard number is to be recorded.

\$z Language of Parallel Title

Coded identification of the language of a parallel title that appears in a \$d subfield ([EX 3, 7](#)). If \$d is repeated, this subfield is repeated, the languages identified reflecting the order of the parallel titles. This subfield and any repetitions of it always come at the end of the field, followed by \$2, if \$2 is present. For codes use ISO 639-2 or other standard language code schema specified in subfield \$2.

\$2 Source

An identification in coded form for the language code schema from which the code in \$z is derived, when the code is not from ISO 639-2 ([EX 7](#)). For a list of the language codes schemas, see [Appendix A](#). Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

ISBD Information

The data in the field should be entered in the form and sequence as on the piece as specified in ISBD for the Series and Multipart Monographic Resource Area. Subfield \$z is not an ISBD data element.

The correspondence between this field and ISBD Consolidated Edition (2011) specifications is illustrated below. The text within the ISBD series area is enclosed within parentheses “()” which are not carried in the UNIMARC record.

UNIMARC subfield	Element name	ISBD (2011) section	Preceding punctuation
\$a	Series title	6.1	New area
\$d	Parallel series title	6.2	=
\$e	Other title information	6.3	:
\$f	Statement of responsibility	6.4	/
\$g	Subsequent statement of responsibility	6.4	;
\$h	Number of a part	6.1	.
\$i	Name of a part	6.1	, if after \$h, else .
\$v	Volume designation	6.6	;
\$x	ISSN of series	6.5	,
\$y	Standard number of multipart monographic resource	6.5	,

Parallel Data

Parallel data appearing on the resource, i.e. data repeated in another language or script, is denoted in ISBD by the use of equals sign followed by a space “= ” at the start of any block of parallel data. In this field, the subfield identifier \$d will generate “= ” automatically ([EX 3](#)). If “= ” is required by ISBD rules at the start of any other subfield, it must be entered explicitly. The equals sign and space then replaces any other punctuation that would normally be generated at the subfield boundary. ([EX 6](#)).

Subfield Content

This field is used only for the series or multipart monographic resource belonging to the resource whose title is entered in field 200. If the record is for the resource which is a continuing resource, series or multipart monographic resource, field 225 is used only if that continuing resource, series or multipart monographic resource itself belongs to a series. The title of the continuing resource, series or multipart monographic resource being catalogued is entered in field 200 (see field 200, [EX 3](#)).

When the source record does not contain the series title in the form as on the piece, no attempt should be made to create it from an established form of the series title. The established form may be entered in field 410 and a note on the series title may be created from it.

When the record of a series has what may be either a subtitle or a subseries title but it is not possible to determine which of the two it is, prefer to code it as subfield \$e. Number and name of part are one data element in ISBD and some source formats may not be able to distinguish. In these cases when converting to UNIMARC prefer \$i to \$h.

If \$g is not used, and \$f contains both first and subsequent statement of responsibility, ISBD punctuation should be used, i.e. subsequent statement should be preceded by a space, semicolon, space.

Related Fields

010 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD BOOK NUMBER (ISBN)	The ISBN of multipart monographic resource title entered in field 200 is entered in field 010. 225 \$y relates only to the ISBN of a resource title in 225 \$a or \$i.
011 ISSN	The ISSN of a series title entered in field 200 is entered in field 011. 225 \$x relates only to the ISSN of a continuing resource title in 225 \$a or \$i.
013 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD MUSIC NUMBER (ISMN)	The ISMN of multipart notated music resource title entered in field 200 is entered in field 013. 225 \$y relates only to the ISMN of a resource title in 225 \$a or \$i.
410 SERIES	The established form of a series title may be entered in a 200 field embedded in field 410.
411 SUBSERIES	The established form a subseries title may be entered in a 200 field embedded in field 411.
461 SET LEVEL	Field 461 is used when an agency which uses a record structure that emphasises linking separate records for the data from various levels requires a reference to a record describing a continuing resource or multipart monographic resource.
530 KEY TITLE	If the series has a key title, it should not be entered in field 530 as that contains the key title of the work whose title is in 200\$a. If the series has a key title, it may be noted in field 308.
7-- RESPONSIBILITY BLOCK	If access is required to the name of any persons or bodies entered in subfield \$f, the access form of the name should be entered in a 7-- field or in a 7-- field embedded in a field 410 or 411.

Examples

EX 1
225 0#\$aOccasional paper\$fBritish Museum\$x0412-4815\$vno. 33
410 #0\$171002\$aBritish Museum\$12000#\$aOccasional papers
EX 2
225 2#\$aInternational series in the science of the solid state\$vol. 10
225 1#\$aPergamon international library
<i>X-ray diffraction topology</i> is in two series. The second is not used as an access point, so there is no established form equivalent to it (first indicator set to 1).
EX 3
225 2#\$aEuropäische Hochschulschriften\$hReihe I\$iDeutsche Literatur und Germanistik\$vBd. 298\$dPublications universitaires européennes\$hSérie I\$iLangue et littérature allemandes\$vol. 298\$dEuropean university papers\$hSeries I\$iGerman language and literature\$vol. 298\$zfre\$zeng
The resource is vol. 298 of a subseries with parallel information in three languages. The title is the same as the established form. Language codes are derived from ISO 639-2, so subfield \$2 is not used.
The ISBD display: (Europäische Hochschulschriften. Reihe I, Deutsche Literatur und Germanistik ; Bd. 298 = Publications universitaires européennes. Série I, Langue et littérature allemandes ; vol. 298 = European university papers. Series I, German language and literature ; vol. 298)
EX 4
225 2#\$aExperimental biology and medicine\$monographs on interdisciplinary topics \$vol. 6
EX 5

225 2# \$a Abhandlungen der Mathematisch-Naturwissenschaftliche Klasse \$f Akademie der Wissenschaften und der Literatur \$v Jahrg. 1976, Nr. 3
EX 6
225 0# \$a World films \$i France today \$i= La France aujourd'hui
EX 7
101 1# \$a fiu \$c fin
101 17 \$a vep \$c fin \$2 iso639-3
200 1# \$a Kalevala \$e Lapsile i noristole \$f [E. Lonnrot и др. \$g Vepsaks om kandnu N. Zaiceva]
225 0# \$a Juminkeon julkaisu \$d Juminkegon paindused \$v 27 \$z vep \$2 iso639-3
The Karelian-Finnish epos "Kalevala" in the Veps language for children. Parallel title of series in 225 \$d is in Veps language. Code of Veps is derived from ISO 639-3, thereof the source of code is indicated in subfield \$2 .
EX 8
010 ## \$a 978-1-107-01308-7
010 ## \$a 107-01308-9
200 1# \$a Late Ming and Qing dynasties (1525 - 1911) \$f vol. ed.: Lou Yulie
225 ## \$a The history of Chinese civilization \$f gen. ed. Yuan Xingpei [et al.] \$g English text ed. by David R. Knechtges \$y ISBN 978-1-107-01309-4 \$y 1-107-01309-7 \$v vol. 4
The resource is part of a multipart monographic edition. It is described as a separate single-part resource, title proper of multipart resource is given in field 225. Subfields 225 \$y contain ISBN-13 and ISBN-10 of the multipart resource. ISBN-13 and ISBN-10 of vol. 4 are recorded in fields 010.
The ISBD display: (The history of Chinese civilization / gen. ed. Yuan Xingpei [et al.] ; English text ed. by David R. Knechtges, ISBN 978-1-107-01309-4, ISBN 1-107-01309-7 ; vol. 4)
EX 9
010 ## \$a 978-5-9500759-4-0
200 1# \$a The logocentric model of the synthetic lingual personality: the component structure and the system of concepts (as exemplified in Russian rock culture)
225 ## \$a The synthetic lingual personality theory \$e in 2 volumes \$e translation from Russian language \$f Dmitry I. Ivanov \$g Guangdong University of Foreign Studies (People's Republic of China) \$y ISBN 978-5-9500759-2-6 \$v vol. 2
Volume 2 of multipart monographic edition is described as separate single-part resource. Field 010 contains ISBN of Volume 2, subfield 225 \$y contains ISBN of multipart resource.

History

2005	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2018	Added text, new subfield \$2 and new example.
2019	Text errata.
2020	Update for multipart monographic resources (scope, added \$g and \$z , notes, examples, related fields)

230 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: ELECTRONIC RESOURCE CHARACTERISTICS

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains information on the file characteristics pertaining to the type and extent of a electronic resource.

Repeatable when the file characteristics of more than one electronic resource are described in a single record.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
230	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: ELECTRONIC RESOURCE CHARACTERISTICS	R	O
a	Designation and Extent of File	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Designation and Extent of File

The designation of the file identifies the particular type of file(s) which constitutes the resource and is given in the language of the bibliographic agency. Designation of type of file is mandatory.

The extent of file consists of the number of files that make up the content of the data or the program. Additional measures of extent may be added as appropriate. The specific terms for extent of file are in the language of the bibliographic agency. Extent of file is optional.

Not repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

The field is equivalent only to the ISBD(ER) Type and Extent of Resource Area and is not used in the records formulated following cataloguing rules based on ISBD Consolidated Edition or RDA.

Each statement of extent is enclosed in parentheses after the designation of the file. The number of files constituting the content of the data or program is given in arabic numerals. The number of records and/or bytes may be given for a data file and the number of statements and/or bytes may be given for a program. When the number of files is given, this further statement of extent is introduced by a colon, space. For a multi-part file, the number of records and/or bytes or the number of statements and/or bytes may be given for each file. The number of records and/or bytes or the number of statements and/or bytes may be approximated ([EX 5](#)).

Related Fields

135 CODED DATA FIELDS: ELECTRONIC RESOURCES	This field contains coded data relating to electronic resources.
231 DIGITAL FILE CHARACTERISTICS [PROVISIONAL]	This field contains statements relating to the characteristics of a digital file for the records formulated according to ISBD Consolidated Edition or RDA.

336 TYPE OF ELECTRONIC RESOURCE NOTE	This field contains notes supplementing field 230.
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Examples

EX 1
230 ##\$aComputer data
EX 2
230 ##\$aComputer program (1 file: 1958 statements)
EX 3
230 ##\$aComputer data (5 files) and programs (15 files)
EX 4
230 ##\$aComputer data (3 files: 800 records, 3150 bytes) and computer data (7 files)
EX 5
230 ##\$aComputer program (2 files: ca. 650 statements each)
EX 6
230 ##\$aComputer data (2 files: 729 records each) and programs (3 files: 7260, 3450, 2518 bytes)
2518 bytes)

History

1994	New field.
1998	Field issued/re-issued with corrections/additions.
2017	Obsolete field.
2018	Changed status, added explanation, changed occurrence, added text in Related Fields (231).

231 DIGITAL FILE CHARACTERISTICS [PROVISIONAL]

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains statements relating to the characteristics of a digital file, i.e. technical specifications relating to the digital encoding of text, image, audio, video, and other types of data in a resource, as well as accessibility information.

Digital file characteristics could also be recorded in field 215 (Physical Description) subfield \$c (Other Physical Details).

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
231	DIGITAL FILE CHARACTERISTICS [PROVISIONAL]	R	O
a	File Type	R	O
b	Encoding Standard	R	O
c	Version of Encoding Standard	R	O
d	Details of Encoding Standard	R	O
e	File Size	R	O
f	Resolution	R	O
g	Regional Encoding	R	O
h	Encoded Bitrate	R	O
i	Accessibility Information	R	O
2	Source	NR	O
6	Interfield Linking Data	R	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a File Type

A general type of data content encoded in a computer file ([EX 1](#), [2](#), [3](#)). Repeatable.

\$b Encoding Standard

A schema, standard, etc., used to encode the digital content of a resource ([EX 1](#), [2](#), [3](#)). Repeatable.

\$c Version of Encoding Standard

The version of the standard recorded in \$b ([EX 2](#)). Repeatable.

\$d Details of Encoding Standard

Details of the standard recorded in \$b ([EX 2](#)). Repeatable.

\$e File Size

Number of bytes in a digital file ([EX 2](#)). Repeatable.

\$f Resolution

The smallest measuring unit used to register data for a computer image, expressed as dots per inch, pixels per line, or lines per millimetre. It indicates the amount of detail found in one pixel of the image ([EX 4](#)). Repeatable.

\$g Regional Encoding

A code identifying the region of the world for which a digital file has been encoded on a carrier and preventing that carrier from being played on a player sold in a different region. ([EX 3](#)). Repeatable.

\$h Encoded Bitrate

The quantity of digital data that are conveyed or processed per unit of time, usually expressed using the bits per second unit or one of its multiples. ([EX 1](#)). Repeatable.

\$i Accessibility Information

A code or term providing information on the accessibility of the content of the digital resource. ([EX 9](#)). Repeatable.

\$2 Source

A code identifying a controlled list of terms used as a source for the data, if any. Not repeatable.

\$6 Interfield Linking Data

This subfield contains information allowing the field to be linked for processing purposes to other fields in the record. (See section 3.13 Interfield Linking Data, 3 Format structure).

Notes on Field Contents

Multiple values from the same source vocabulary may be recorded in the same field in separate occurrences of subfields. Terms from different source vocabularies are recorded in separate occurrences of the field.

Related Fields

135 CODED DATA FIELD: ELECTRONIC RESOURCES	
215 PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION	Especially \$a Specific material designation and extent and \$c Other physical details.
230 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: ELECTRONIC RESOURCE CHARACTERISTICS	The field is equivalent only to the ISBD(ER) Type and Extent of Resource Area.
336 TYPE OF ELECTRONIC RESOURCE NOTE	
337 SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS NOTE (ELECTRONIC RESOURCES)	

Examples

EX 1
231 ##\$aAudio file\$bmp3\$h32 kbps
EX 2
231 ##\$aFichier texte\$bEPUB\$c3.0\$d\$dformat fixe\$e1249 Ko
EX 3
231 ##\$aVideo file\$bDVD video\$gregion 2
EX 4
231 ##\$aFile di immagini\$bJPEG\$f3.6 megapixel
EX 5
231 ##\$aImage file\$bJPEG\$c3 Mo\$2
EX 6

231 ##\$aImage file\$2rdaft
231 ##\$aImage file\$bQ2195\$c3 Mo\$2wikidata
The term used in subfield \$a is taken from RDA list of terms, whereas the one in \$b comes from Wikidata (http://www.wikidata.org). Field 231 is repeated for terms taken from different source vocabularies.
EX 7
231 ##\$aText file\$bASCII\$2RDA
EX 8
231 ##\$aProgram file\$bFORTRAN\$c95
EX 9
231 ##\$i20\$2onix196
The code used in subfield \$i is taken from the ONIX codelist 196 (http://onix-codelists.io/codelist/196). It indicates that the digital file contains synchronised pre-recorded audio that makes the content accessible to visually impaired persons.

History

2017	New field.
2018	Corrections in the Related Fields (230).
2021	New subfield \$i, correction Ex 6.

251 ORGANIZATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF MATERIALS

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains information about organization and arrangement of materials in the collection as well as position of the unit in the hierarchy of archival description.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
251	ORGANIZATION AND ARRANGEMENT OF MATERIALS	R	O
a	Organization	R	O
b	Arrangement	R	O
c	Level	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Organization

Manner in which the materials being described have been subdivided into smaller units, such as how the record groups are divided into series, and series into subseries. Repeatable.

\$b Arrangement

Terms used to describe the pattern of arrangement of materials within a unit, such as alphabetical, chronological, etc. Repeatable.

\$c Level

Term used to identify hierarchical position of the described materials in the whole hierarchy of description. Normally, standard archival units are used – fonds, series, file, resource. Not repeatable.

Related Fields

RECORD LABEL, Hierarchical level code (character position 8)	Character position 8 in the RECORD LABEL indicates the hierarchical relationship (if any) between the record and other records in the file without naming particular level explicitly.
--	--

Examples

EX 1
200 1#\$aНиколай II, император. 1868-1918\$;1860-1991
251 ##\$a2 описи\$cФонд
Collection of records of Nikolay II, Emperor of Russia. Arranged in two series.

History

2012	New field.
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260 MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: NUMISMATIC RESOURCES

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains textual data relating to the identification and description of numismatic resources.

It corresponds to the Numismatic Description Schema (NUDS) and the nomisma.org ontology.

Repeatable when more than one part (obverse, reverse, edge, etc.) of the numismatic resource is described.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
260	MATERIAL SPECIFIC AREA: NUMISMATIC RESOURCES	R	O
a	Denomination	NR	O
b	Weight Standard or Theoretical Weight	NR	O
c	Issue	NR	O
d	Other Appellation	R	O
e	Type Name or Reference	R	O
f	Legend	NR	O
g	Other Inscription	R	O
h	Type Description	NR	O
i	Shape	NR	O
j	Axis	NR	O
u	Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)	NR	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1		Description Level
	#	Not specified
	0	Numismatic type
	1	Numismatic item
2		Part of the Numismatic Resource
	#	Not specified /other
	1	Obverse
	2	Reverse
	3	Edge

Indicators Description

Indicator 1: Description Level

Used for differentiation of the level of description of the numismatic resource.

Value #: Not specified

Use when it is not possible to define a numismatic type or item due to a lack of material and information, or irregularity of coin production.

Value 0: Numismatic type

A numismatic type is the basic distinguishing design of a series of numismatic items from the same issuer, mint or region, as defined by numismatists through the study of individual coins or, for more recent historical periods, by official documents from the issuing authority.

Value 1: Numismatic item

A numismatic item is not identified by a series as defined by numismatists.

Indicator 2: Part of the Numismatic Resource

Value #: Not specified

Use when the information is applicable to the numismatic resource as a whole.

Subfields Description

\$a Denomination

A term indicating the value of a numismatic resource. Not repeatable.

\$b Weight Standard or Theoretical Weight

The conventional weight system or theoretical weight according to which a numismatic resource was produced. Not repeatable.

\$c Issue

A conventional name or number identifying the issue of a numismatic resource. Not repeatable.

\$d Other Appellation

A term commonly used either by contemporaries or by later scholars to identify a specific subset to which a numismatic resource belongs, such as a denomination, a type, a type series, a specific issue or any combination of the above. Repeatable.

\$e Type Name or Reference

The commonly used name of a numismatic type, or a reference within a published typology. This can refer to an obverse or reverse type, or a general type encompassing the entire numismatic resource. This subfield can be associated with subfield \$u to provide the URI of a type if published online. Repeatable.

\$f Legend

The main (or only) inscription that is present on a numismatic resource as part of the production process, usually the circular inscription which surrounds the type. Not repeatable.

\$g Other Inscription

Any other inscription that is present on a numismatic resource, either as part of the production process or due to subsequent transformations. Repeatable.

\$h Type Description

A general and iconographical description of the type of the numismatic resource. Not repeatable.

\$i Shape

The general shape of the **numismatic** resource being described. Can be a standard shape for numismatic resource, such as round, rectangular or a polygon. Not repeatable.

\$j Axis

The relationship between the orientation obverse and reverse of a numismatic resource. Often expressed as hours of the clock or degrees in a circle. Not repeatable.

\$u Uniform Resource Identifier (URI)

A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI), such as a URL (Uniform Resource Locator) or URN (Uniform Resource Name), serves as a standardized string that identifies a resource and provides electronic access via internet protocols. This allows for automated retrieval or interaction with the resource in a consistent manner.

Use when type name or reference, denomination or appellation of the numismatic resource or the part of numismatic description is identified in catalogues, ontologies, databases, etc.

Not repeatable.

Related Fields

117 CODED DATA FIELD: THREE-DIMENSIONAL ARTEFACTS AND REALIA
360 NOTE ON SPECIFIC ELEMENTS OF NUMISMATIC DESCRIPTION

Examples

EX 1
260 0# \$aDenier\$bparisis\$c2e émission \$eLafaurie 544a\$eDuplessy 561A\$iflan circulaire
A description of a type of denarius parisis of Louis XI of France.
EX 2
260 1# \$aHémistatère\$battique\$iflan circulaire\$j11h
260 11\$hTête d'Athéna coiffée d'un casque corinthe à cimier à droite, un serpent sur le casque.
260 12\$fAΛEΞANΔPOY\$hVictoire à gauche, une couronne dans la main droite tendue, une stylis dans la main gauche ; dans le champ gauche, un plant de silphion.
A description of an individual gold hemistater of Alexander the Great.

History

2023	New field.
2024	Text errata. Update \$u.

283 CARRIER TYPE

Field Definition and Scope

This field contains textual data specifying the carrier type of the resource being described.

Repeatable when more than one source is used, or when several carrier types are associated with different media types within the resource.

Subfields & Occurrence

Field/Subfield	Field/Subfield Name	Repeatability	Occurrence
283	CARRIER TYPE	R	O
a	Carrier Type Designation	R	M
2	Source	NR	MA
6	Interfield Linking Data	R	O
8	Materials Specified	R	O

Indicators

Indicator	Value	Description
1	#	blank (not defined)
2	#	blank (not defined)

Subfields Description

\$a Carrier Type Designation

The carrier type applying to the resource. Mandatory. Repeatable when several carrier types, associated with the same media type, are present in the resource.

\$2 Source

Source of the carrier type designation used in \$a. Mandatory. Not repeatable.

\$6 Interfield Linking Data

This subfield contains information allowing the field to be linked for processing purposes to other fields in the record. (See section 3.13 Interfield Linking Data, 3 Format structure).

\$8 Materials Specified

Part of the described materials to which the field applies. Repeatable.

Notes on Field Contents

If a textual form of the carrier type designation is desired use field 283, preferably in addition to field 183. In that case, indicator 2 should be set to 0 in field 183.

UNIMARC bibliographic 1XX fields provide most of the type of carrier designation coded information but, alternatively, the list of code values used in MARC21 for RDA carrier types could be used. (See <http://www.loc.gov/standards/valuelist/rdacarrier.html>). For RDA carrier types use “rdacarrier” in \$2.

Related Fields

183 CODED DATA FIELD: TYPE OF CARRIER	This field contains coded data specifying the carrier type of the resource being described.
203 CONTENT FORM AND MEDIA TYPE	This field holds data pertaining to the content form and media type of the resource, in textual form.

Examples

EX 1
183 #0\$anc\$2rdacarrier
283 ##\$avolume\$2rdacarrier
Data for specifying the carrier type “volume”, both in coded and in textual form. In field 183, the coded value (nc) is taken from <i>Term and Code List for RDA Carrier Types</i> (as indicated in subfield \$2). Indicator 2 has been set to 0 (“Not used to generate displays”).
EX 2
183 #0\$8main part\$asd\$2rdacarrier
183 #0\$8liner notes\$anb\$2rdacarrier
283 ##\$8main part\$aaudio disc\$2rdacarrier
283 ##\$8liner notes\$asheet\$2rdacarrier
Data for specifying the carrier types “audio disc” and “sheet”, both in coded and in textual form. In fields 183, the coded values (sd and nb) are taken from <i>Term and Code List for RDA Carrier Types</i> (as indicated in subfield \$2). The carrier type “audio disc” applies to the main part of the resource, whereas “sheet” applies to accompanying textual material (as mentioned in \$8). Indicator2 of field 183 has been set to 0 (“Not used to generate displays”).

History

2017	New field.
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